

**AGREEMENT
FOR THE PROVISION OF ZONING SERVICE
TO: NORTHERN CAMBRIA BOROUGH**

The Council of Northern Cambria Borough hereby appoints the code officials of the Cambria-Somerset COG Regional Code Agency, to the position of zoning officer in order to administer the zoning ordinance of Northern Cambria Borough, # 22, dated July 12, 2004 including all subsequent amendments. The zoning officer shall not permit any construction, or any use, or any change of use which does not conform to said zoning ordinance.

The Council of Northern Cambria Borough hereby authorizes said zoning officer, when acting within the scope of his employment as described in this agreement, to institute civil enforcement proceedings whenever necessary to ensure proper compliance with the zoning ordinance.

A. SUMMARY OF ZONING OFFICER DUTIES:

It is the duty of the Zoning Officer to:

1. Receive appeals and applications for conditional uses, special exceptions and variances, and forward them to the governing body or the zoning hearing board, as appropriate. Schedule, advertise and post notices on property subject to a ZHB hearing at least one week prior to the hearing. In addition, post a notice on the affected tract or area involved with a zoning map amendment as described in MPC Section 609(b) at least one week prior to the hearing. Provide applicant and other parties with copies of items sent to the zoning hearing board. Provide testimony at hearings of the zoning board.

2. Issue permits only where there is compliance with the provisions of the zoning ordinance, with other municipal ordinances, and with the laws of the Commonwealth. Permits for construction or uses requiring a special exception or variance shall be issued only upon order of the zoning hearing board. Permits requiring a conditional use shall be issued only upon order of the governing body.

3. When required by the zoning ordinance, identify and register nonconforming uses and structures and record the reasons.

4. Conduct inspections and surveys as prescribed by the governing body or ordinance to determine compliance or non-compliance with the terms of the zoning ordinance.

5. Issue enforcement notices and orders in writing by certified or registered mail or served personally as described below upon persons, firms, or corporations deemed by the zoning officer to be violating the terms of the ordinance directing them to correct all conditions found in violation. If any such person or persons does not comply with the written notice of violation within a prescribed period of

time, the zoning officer shall notify the governing body for their action, or, if authorized in advance, file a civil complaint with the district justice. Note: A civil complaint should not be filed until the expiration of the appeal period.

An enforcement notice shall state at least the following:

- (a)The name of the owner of record and any other person against whom the municipality intends to take action.
- (b)The location of the property in violation.
- (c)The specific violation with a description of the requirements which have not been met, citing in each instance the applicable provisions of the ordinance.
- (d)The date before which the steps for compliance must be commenced and the date before which the steps must be completed.
- (e)That the recipient of the notice has the right to appeal to the zoning hearing board within 30 days (from the date delivered or postmarked if mailed) in accordance with the procedures set forth in the ordinance.
- (f)That failure to comply with the notice within the time specified, unless extended by appeal to the zoning hearing board, constitutes a violation with possible sanctions clearly described.

6. Act on behalf of the municipality in any appropriate action or proceedings to prevent the unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, conversion, demolition, maintenance or use of any building or structure, to restrain, correct, or abate such violation, so as to prevent the occupancy or use of any building, structure or land, or to prevent any illegal act, conduct, business or use in or about such premises. Note: Some municipalities require approval by the governing body and review by the solicitor before a civil complaint is filed. An injunction request requires governing body approval and is prepared by the solicitor.

7. Revoke by order a building or zoning certificate issued under a mistake of fact or contrary to the law or the provisions of the ordinance.

8. Record and file all applications and plans for permits and the action taken thereon. All applications, plans, and documents shall be a public record.

9. Maintain a map or maps showing the current zoning districts and overlay areas for all the land within the municipality. Upon request, the zoning officer shall make determinations of any zoning map district boundary question. Such determination may be appealed to the zoning hearing board.

10. Upon the request of the governing body or planning commission, present facts, records or information to assist the zoning hearing board in making decisions.

11. The zoning officer shall not issue a building permit or zoning certificate for the erection, construction, reconstruction or alteration of a building in a subdivision or land development prior to the final approval of the subdivision and land development plan in full compliance with the Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, and the recording of the plan with the recorder of deeds.

B RELIEF FROM PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY:

The code official, officer or employee charged with the enforcement of zoning in Northern Cambria Borough, while acting for the jurisdiction, shall not thereby be rendered liable personally, and is hereby relieved from all personal liability for any damage accruing to persons or property as a result of any act required or permitted in discharge of official duties. Any suit instituted against an officer or employee because of an act performed by that officer or employee in the lawful discharge of duties and under the provisions of all zoning ordinances and requirements shall be defended by the legal representative of the jurisdiction until the final termination of the proceedings. The code official or any subordinate shall not be liable for costs in any action, suit or proceeding that is instituted in pursuance of the provisions of all zoning ordinances and requirements, and the code official, acting in good faith and without malice, shall be free from liability for acts performed under any of its provisions or by reason of any act or omission in the performance of official duties in connection therewith.

C FEES:

A) A fee of **\$20.00** shall be added to building permits for those permit applications requiring zoning opinion. The building permit applicant shall be responsible for payment of the zoning fee.

B) The fee for Northern Cambria Borough residents requesting a written zoning opinion only shall be **\$10.00**.

C) The fee for zoning reviews for land developments/subdivisions in Northern Cambria Borough shall be **\$125.00**.

The fee will be paid by the applicant/developer.

All zoning fees shall be paid to the Cambria-Somerset COG.

D TERMINATION OF SERVICES:

There is provision for termination of services by either party. Both Northern Cambria Borough and the Cambria-Somerset COG agree that these zoning services can be terminated by either party with a sixty (60) day written notice. Unless this agreement is terminated prior to sixty (60) days of the annual expiration date, services as specified in the agreement will continue.

E AMENDMENTS:

This first year of this agreement (April 14, 2015 to December 31, 2015) will be a transition period. Both parties reserve the right to amend the agreement with thirty (30) days written notification to the other party during the transition period. Both parties agree, upon receipt of the notification to convene a meeting to discuss and resolve the requested amendment.

In witness whereof, the Cambria-Somerset COG and Northern Cambria Borough in consideration of the mutual promises set forth herein, and intending themselves to be legally bound, hereby to execute this agreement this 13TH day of April, 2015.

For Northern Cambria Borough

Rita Montanaro
President

Claudia M. Nagle
ATTEST: Secretary

For the Cambria-Somerset Council of Governments:

Edward D. Klein
ATTEST:

Nick Bailey
Nick Bailey
Acting Executive Director

CHAPTER 27

ZONING

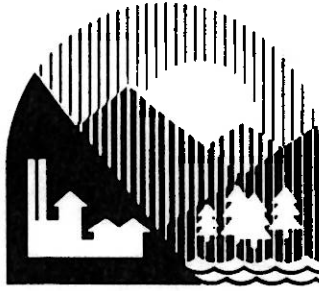
(Chapter 27, Ordinance 22, 7/2/2004 is on file and may be seen at the Borough Office.)

100-1000

1000-10000

10000-100000 100000-1000000 1000000-10000000 10000000-100000000

**CAMBRIA COUNTY
PLANNING COMMISSION**
(814)472-2106



**401 CANDLELIGHT DRIVE
SUITE 213
EBENSBURG, PA 15931**

March 24, 2004

Mr. Fred C. Nastasi, Secretary
Northern Cambria Borough
1202 Philadelphia Avenue
Northern Cambria, Pennsylvania 15714

Dear Mr. Nastasi:

RE: Northern Cambria Borough
Proposed Zoning and Subdivision Ordinances

Please be advised that the Cambria County Planning Commission has conducted a review of the above-referenced municipal land use documents. Our review was conducted in conjunction with the requirements of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code (Act 247) as re-enacted and amended and with the desired goals and objectives of the Cambria County Comprehensive Plan.

Our office has determined that the proposed Zoning Ordinance and proposed Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance for Northern Cambria Borough are consistent with the intent and purpose of the Municipal Planning Code (Act 247) and the County Comprehensive Plan. We also recognize that the adoption of municipal zoning and subdivision regulations is also consistent with the Land Use Planning Strategies as identified in the Northern Cambria Borough Comprehensive Plan.

Zoning and Subdivision Ordinances are important documents for sound land use management practices within Northern Cambria Borough. The Ordinances are important and we strongly support their adoption and implementation.

Please advise if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Parisi".

Gerald P. Parisi
Principal Planner

THE
LIBRARY
OF THE
MUSEUM OF
ART AND
ARCHITECTURE
NEW YORK



THE
LIBRARY
OF THE
MUSEUM OF
ART AND
ARCHITECTURE
NEW YORK

1

2

3

PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE
BOROUGH OF NORTHERN CAMBRIA
CAMBRIA COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

PUBLIC NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Planning Commission of the Borough of Northern Cambria will hold a public hearing on Monday, April 19, 2004, at 7:00 p.m. at the Northern Cambria Municipal Building, 1202 Philadelphia Avenue, Northern Cambria, Pennsylvania and continuing as necessary.

The purpose of this public hearing is to discuss and hear public comment relative to a proposed Zoning Ordinance for the Borough of Northern Cambria. Such Ordinance would establish various Zoning Districts within the Borough and use regulations, prohibitions and restrictions as to land, watercourses and bodies of water in such established districts. The proposed Ordinance would regulate, prohibit and restrict the size, height, location, repair, razing, removal and use of structures. Same further provides for preservation of natural resources and agricultural land and activities. Said proposed Ordinance also establishes a Zoning Hearing Board and its function and provides for a Zoning Officer as well as provisions for administration and enforcement of the Ordinance. Same further allows for special exceptions in certain circumstances and provisions as to non-conforming use and curative amendments. The proposed Ordinance also provides for submission of applications and fees.

Copies of the proposed Zoning Ordinance for the Borough of Northern Cambria can be obtained at the cost of reproduction at the Northern Cambria Municipal Building, during normal business hours - 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

THE
JOURNAL OF
THE
ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

1895

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART I, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART II, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART III, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART IV, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART V, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART VI, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART VII, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART VIII, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART IX, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART X, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XI, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XII, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XIII, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XIV, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XV, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XVI, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XVII, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XVIII, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XIX, 1895.

THE JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, VOL. XXV, PART XX, 1895.

NORTHERN CAMBRIA BOROUGH

ZONING ORDINANCE

This project was financed by a grant from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Community and Economic Development.

Prepared by:

Cambria County Planning Commission

The following is a certified copy
of the Municipal Zoning Ordinance
for
Northern Cambria Borough

Attested by:

Date:

July 12, 2004

Fred Montanari
Northern Cambria Borough Secretary

MUNICIPAL ZONING ORDINANCE

NORTHERN CAMBRIA, CAMBRIA COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

ADOPTED: July 12, 2004

Northern Cambria Borough

MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS

Northern Cambria Borough Council

Eva Wargo, President
Mary Ellen Tibbott, Vice-President
Robert Parrish
Peter Barczak
James DeSalvo, Jr.
Gennaro Cantalupo, Mayor
Fred C. Nastasi, Secretary/Treasurer

Northern Cambria Borough Planning Commission

Jim Rocco, Chairman
Chris Thomas, Vice-Chairman
Karen Hall, Secretary
Betty Ann Kerr, Member
Michael Strollo Jr., Member

NORTHERN CAMBRIA BOROUGH
ZONING ORDINANCE

This project was financed by a grant from the Commonwealth of
Pennsylvania, Department of Community and Economic Development.

Prepared by:

Cambria County Planning Commission

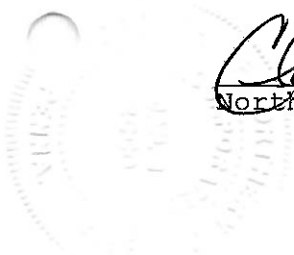
Amended by:

Northern Cambria Borough Council

The following is a certified copy
of the Municipal Zoning Ordinance
for
Northern Cambria Borough

Attested by:

Date: May 14, 2018


Claudine M. Nagle
Northern Cambria Borough Secretary

MUNICIPAL ZONING ORDINANCE

NORTHERN CAMBRIA, CAMBRIA COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

ADOPTED: July 12, 2004

Northern Cambria Borough

AMENDMENT ADOPTED: May 14, 2018

Northern Cambria Borough

2004
MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS

Northern Cambria Borough Council

Eva Wargo, President
Mary Ellen Tibbott, Vice-President
Robert Parrish
Peter Barczak
James DeSalvo, Jr.
Gennaro Cantalupo, Mayor
Fred C. Nastasi, Secretary/Treasurer

Northern Cambria Borough Planning Commission

Jim Rocco, Chairman
Chris Thomas, Vice-Chairman
Karen Hall, Secretary
Betty Ann Kerr, Member
Michael Strollo Jr., Member

2018
MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS

Northern Cambria Borough Council

Donald I. Ferguson, President
James F. Whited, Vice-President
Wilbur R. Kelly, Jr.
Lisa Tomallo Mays
Scott Litzinger, Mayor
Claudine M. Nagle, Borough Manager/Secretary/Treasurer

Northern Cambria Borough Planning Commission

Jim Rocco, Chairman
William Lantzy, Vice-Chairman
Karen Hall, Secretary
Michael Strollo Jr., Member

NORTHERN CAMBRIA BOROUGH

ORDINANCE NO. 22

Enacting Ordinance Number 22, approved July 12, 2004, entitled the Northern Cambria Borough Municipal Zoning Ordinance, providing for Community Development Objectives, Rules and Definitions, Establishment of Districts, General Provisions, Provisions Governing Residential Districts, Provisions Governing Commercial Districts, Provisions Governing Industrial Districts, Provisions Governing Floodplain Districts, Provisions Governing Agricultural Districts, Provisions Governing Conservancy Districts, Planned Residential Development Provisions, Signs, Supplementary Provisions, Special Exceptions, Non-Conforming Uses and Buildings, Administration and Enforcement, Zoning Hearing Board, Amendments, and Repealer.

Amended Ordinance Number 22, approved May 14, 2018, entitled the Northern Cambria Borough Municipal Zoning Ordinance, providing for Community Development Objectives, Rules and Definitions, Establishment of Districts, General Provisions, Provisions Governing Residential Districts, Provisions Governing Commercial Districts, Provisions Governing Industrial Districts, Provisions Governing Floodplain Districts, Provisions Governing Agricultural Districts, Provisions Governing Conservancy Districts, Planned Residential Development Provisions, Signs, Supplementary Provisions, Special Exceptions, Non-Conforming Uses and Buildings, Administration and Enforcement, Zoning Hearing Board, Amendments, and Repealer.

NORTHERN CAMBRIA BOROUGH ZONING ORDINANCE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
<u>TITLE PAGE</u>	i
<u>ADOPTION PAGE</u>	ii
<u>MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS</u>	iii
<u>TABLE OF CONTENTS</u>	iv
 <u>ARTICLE I - PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS</u>	
Section 101 Enacting Clause-----	I-1
Section 102 Short Title-----	I-1
Section 103 Effective Date-----	I-1
Section 104 Validity and Conflict-----	I-1
Section 105 Purpose and Community Development Objectives-----	I-1
Section 106 County Review; Dispute Resolution-----	I-3
Section 107 Municipal Authorities and Water Companies-----	I-3
Section 108 Effect of Comprehensive Plans and Zoning Ordinances-----	I-5
Section 109 Prohibiting the Location of Methadone Treatment Facilities in Certain Locations-----	I-5
 <u>ARTICLE II - RULES AND DEFINITION</u>	
Section 201 Rules-----	II-1
Section 202 Definitions-----	II-1
 <u>ARTICLE III - ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS</u>	
Section 301 Establishment of Districts and Zoning District Map-----	III-1
Section 302 Interpretation of District Boundaries-----	III-1
 <u>ARTICLE IV - GENERAL PROVISIONS</u>	
Section 401 Conformance and Permits-----	IV-1
Section 402 Construction or Alteration-----	IV-1
Section 403 Yards-----	IV-1
Section 404 Substandard Dwellings-----	IV-1
Section 405 Uses Requiring Site Plan and/or Site Plan Approval-----	IV-1
Section 406 Public Utility Lines-----	IV-3
	<u>Page</u>
Section 407 Lots of Record Not Meeting Lot Area Requirements-----	IV-3
Section 408 Fences and Enclosure Walls-----	IV-3

ARTICLE V - PROVISIONS GOVERNING ZONING DISTRICTS

Section 501	R-1 One-Family Residential (Low Density)-----	V- 1
Section 502	R-2 One-Family Residential (Medium Density)-----	V- 5
Section 503	R-3 Multi-Family Residential (High Density)-----	V- 7
Section 504	C Commercial District-----	V-11
Section 505	I Industrial District-----	V-16
Section 506	FP Floodplain District-----	V-19
Section 507	A Agricultural District-----	V-23
Section 508	S Conservancy District-----	V-25

ARTICLE VI - PLANNED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS

Section 601	Purpose-----	VI- 1
Section 602	Grant of Power-----	VI- 1
Section 603	Applicability of Comprehensive Plan and Statement of Community Development Objectives-----	VI- 2
Section 604	Standards and Conditions-----	VI- 2
Section 605	Enforcement and Modification-----	VI- 7
Section 606	Application for Tentative Approval-----	VI- 8
Section 607	Public Hearings-----	VI-10
Section 608	The Findings-----	VI-10
Section 609	Status of Plan After Tentative Approval-----	VI-12
Section 610	Application for Final Approval-----	VI-13

ARTICLE VII - SIGNS

Section 701	General Provisions-----	VII- 1
Section 702	Provisions for R Districts-----	VII- 2
Section 703	Provisions for C Districts-----	VII- 3
Section 704	Provisions for I Districts-----	VII- 5

ARTICLE VIII - SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS

Section 801	Parking and Loading Facilities-----	VIII- 1
Section 802	Swimming Pools-----	VIII- 8
Section 803	Storm Water Management-----	VIII-10

Section 804	Airport Zoning Provisions (If Applicable)-----	VIII-12
Section 805	Satellite Dish Antennas-----	VIII-12
Section 806	Telecommunications Antennas and Communications Equipment Buildings----	VIII-13

ARTICLE IX - SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS

Section 901	General Procedures-----	IX- 1
Section 902	Funeral Homes Standards and Criteria----	IX- 2
Section 903	Rooming House Standards and Criteria----	IX- 2
Section 904	Mobile Home Park Standards and Criteria-	IX- 2
Section 905	Junk Yard Standards and Criteria-----	IX- 6
Section 906	Mining and Mineral Excavating Standards-	IX- 6
Section 907	Day Care Standards and Criteria-----	IX- 8
Section 908	Telecommunications Towers and Antennas--	IX-10

ARTICLE X - NON-CONFORMING USES AND BUILDINGS

Section 1001	Continuance-----	X- 1
Section 1002	Discontinuance of Use-----	X- 1
Section 1003	Alterations-----	X- 1
Section 1004	Provisions for Reconstruction-----	X- 2

ARTICLE XI - ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

Section 1101	Zoning Officer-----	XI- 1
Section 1102	Building Permit-----	XI- 3
Section 1103	Certificate of Use and Occupancy-----	XI- 4
Section 1104	Schedule of Fees-----	XI- 5
Section 1105	Remedies-----	XI- 5
Section 1106	Violations/Judgment-----	XI- 6
Section 1107	Mediation Option-----	XI- 7

ARTICLE XII - ZONING HEARING BOARD

Section 1201	Creation, Organization and Expenditures-----	XII- 1
Section 1202	Functions-----	XII- 2
Section 1203	Mediation Options-----	XII- 3
Section 1204	Hearings-----	XII- 4
Section 1205	Jurisdiction-----	XII- 7
Section 1206	Applicability of Ordinance Amendments---	XII- 9
Section 1207	Special Applicability Provisions-----	XII-10

ARTICLE XIII - AMENDMENTS

Section 1301	Amendments and Changes-----	XIII- 1
Section 1302	Landowner Curative Amendments-----	XIII- 5

Section 1303	Municipal Curative Amendments-----	XIII- 6
Section 1304	Fees-----	XIII- 7

ARTICLE XIV - REPEALER

Section 1401 Repealing Clause-----XIV- 1

ARTICLE I
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

SECTION 101 ENACTING CLAUSE

Be it ordained and enacted by the Northern Cambria Borough Council assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the passage and approval of this Ordinance the several classes of districts specified herein shall be established and the following regulations shall be in full force and effect.

SECTION 102 SHORT TITLE

This Ordinance shall be known as the Northern Cambria Borough Zoning Ordinance, and the map referred to herein and made a part of this Ordinance shall be known as the Northern Cambria Borough Zoning District Map.

SECTION 103 EFFECTIVE DATE

The effective date of this Ordinance shall be ten days after the approval of this Ordinance by the Borough under the PA Municipalities Planning Code.

SECTION 104 VALIDITY AND CONFLICT

Should any section or provision of this Ordinance be declared invalid, the same shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance as a whole nor any part thereof other than the part so declared to be invalid. Where a provision of this Ordinance is found to be in conflict with a provision of any building or housing code, or in any applicable health regulations, or in any other Ordinance of the Borough existing on the effective date of this Ordinance, or in any regulation issued under the authority of such code or Ordinance, the provisions which established the higher standard for the protection of health, safety and welfare shall prevail.

SECTION 105 PURPOSE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES

The purpose of this Zoning Ordinance shall be designed:

1. To promote, protect and facilitate any or all of the following: the public health, safety, morals, and the general welfare; coordinated and practical community development and proper density of population; emergency management preparedness and operations; airports, telecommunications towers and national defense facilities; the provisions of adequate light and air; access to incident solar energy; police protection; vehicle parking and loading space; transportation; water; sewerage; schools; recreational facilities; public grounds; the provision of a safe, reliable and adequate water supply for domestic, commercial, agricultural or industrial use, and other public requirements;

as well as preservation of the natural, scenic and historic values in the environment and preservation of forests, wetlands, aquifers and floodplains.

2. To prevent one or more of the following: overcrowding of land, blight, danger and congestion in travel and transportation; loss of health, life or property from fire, flood, panic or other dangers.
3. To preserve prime agriculture and farmland considering topography, soil type and classification, and present use.
4. To provide for the use of land within the Municipality for residential housing of various dwelling types encompassing all basic forms of housing, including single-family and two-family dwellings, and a reasonable range of multi-family dwellings in various arrangements, and mobile homes and mobile home parks.
5. To accommodate reasonable overall community growth, including population and employment growth, and opportunities for development of a variety of residential dwelling types and non-residential uses.
6. To be generally consistent with and to facilitate the development of the Municipality as to the goals and objectives of the Northern Cambria Borough Comprehensive Plan dated May 12, 2003, in developing the Municipality primarily as a residential area with the preservation of natural beauty, and dispersed supplemental non-residential development.
7. To recognize that circumstances can necessitate the adoption and timely pursuit of new goals and the enactment of new zoning ordinances which may neither require nor allow for the completion of a new comprehensive plan and approval of new community development objectives.
8. To permit, prohibit, regulate, restrict, and determine the following (except to the extent that these regulations shall not preempt the various federal and state laws regulating mining and agriculture):
 - (1) Uses of land, watercourses and other bodies of water
 - (2) Size, height, bulk, location, erection, construction, repair, maintenance, alteration, razing, removal and use of structures
 - (3) Areas and dimensions of land and bodies of water to be occupied by uses and structures, as well as areas, courts, yards, and other open spaces and distances to be left unoccupied by uses and structures
 - (4) Density of population and intensity of use
 - (5) Protection and preservation of natural and historic resources and prime agricultural land and activities
 - (6) Reasonable development of minerals
9. To promote small business development and foster a business-friendly atmosphere throughout the municipality.

10. Zoning ordinances adopted by municipalities shall be generally consistent with the municipal or multi-municipal comprehensive plan or, where none exists, with the municipal statement of community development objectives and the County Comprehensive Plan. If a municipality amends its Zoning Ordinance in a manner not generally consistent with its Comprehensive Plan, it shall concurrently amend its Comprehensive Plan in accordance with Article III, PA Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 as amended.
11. A municipality may amend its Comprehensive Plan at any time, provided that the Comprehensive Plan remains generally consistent with the County Comprehensive Plan and compatible with the comprehensive plans of abutting municipalities.

SECTION 106 COUNTY REVIEW; DISPUTE RESOLUTION

The County Planning Commission shall offer a mediation option to any municipality which believes that its citizens will experience harm as the result of the adoption of a Zoning Ordinance or an amendment to an existing Zoning Ordinance in contiguous municipalities, if the contiguous municipalities agree. In exercising such an option, the municipalities shall comply with the procedures set forth in Article IX of Act 247 as amended. The cost of the mediation shall be shared equally by the parties, unless otherwise agreed.

SECTION 107 MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES AND WATER COMPANIES

- A. A municipal authority, water company or other municipality that plans to expand water, sanitary sewer or storm sewer service via a new main extension to a proposed development that has not received any municipal approvals within the municipality shall notify the municipality by certified mail, return receipt requested, of its intention and shall provide the municipality an opportunity to provide written comment on whether the proposed expansion of service within the municipality is generally consistent with the Zoning Ordinance.
- B. The purpose of the requirement of this section is to provide the municipal authority, water company, or any other municipality with information regarding how its decision to expand service may potentially enhance and support or conflict with or negatively impact on the land use planning of municipalities.
- C. Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the right of a municipal authority, water company, or any other municipality to expand service as otherwise permitted by law.
- D. Except as provided in Section 619.2 of Act 247, nothing in this act shall be construed as limiting the authority of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission over the

implementation, location, construction and maintenance of public utility facilities. The requirement of this section shall not apply to an expansion of service by a municipal authority, water company, or other municipality which is ordered by a court or a federal or state agency.

E. As used in this section:

1. A "decision to expand service within the municipality" shall mean a decision to expand the number of its individual service connections for distribution or collection within a municipality as a result of a main extension; but, if the number of individual service connections are not being increased, locating or acquiring transmission lines or interceptors, or wells, reservoirs, aquifers, pump stations, water storage tanks or other facilities by a municipal authority or water company in a new area of a municipality shall not be deemed an expansion of service.
2. A "water company" shall include any person or corporation, including a municipal corporation operating beyond its corporate limits, which furnishes water to or for the public for compensation.

F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to regulate the allocation or withdrawal of water resources by any person, municipal authority or water company that is otherwise regulated by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission or other federal or state agencies or statutes.

SECTION 108 EFFECT OF COMPREHENSIVE PLANS AND ZONING ORDINANCES

- A. When a county adopts a comprehensive plan in accordance with Sections 301 and 302 and any municipalities therein have adopted comprehensive plans and zoning ordinances accordance with Sections 301, 303(d), and 603(j) of Act 247 as amended, Commonwealth agencies shall consider and may rely upon comprehensive plans and zoning ordinances when reviewing applications for the funding or permitting of infrastructure or facilities.
- B. The Center for Local Government Services shall work with municipalities to coordinate Commonwealth agency program resources with municipal planning and zoning activities. Upon request, the Center for Local Government Services shall assist municipalities in identifying and assessing the impact of Commonwealth agency decisions and their effect on municipal and multi-municipal planning and zoning. Upon the authorization of the Governor, the Center for Local Government Services shall have access to information, services, functions, and other resources in the possession of executive agencies under the Governor's jurisdiction to fulfill its obligations under this Section.

C. When municipalities adopt a Joint Municipal Zoning Ordinance:

1. Commonwealth agencies shall consider, and may rely upon the Joint Municipal Zoning Ordinance for the funding or permitting of infrastructure or facilities.
2. The municipalities may, by agreement, share tax revenues and fees remitted to municipalities located within the joint municipal zone.

SECTION 109 PROHIBITING THE LOCATION OF METHADONE TREATMENT FACILITIES IN CERTAIN LOCATIONS

A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary and except as provided in subsection B, a methadone treatment facility shall not be established or operated within 500 feet of an existing school, public playground, public park, residential housing area, child-care facility, church, meetinghouse or other actual place of regularly stated religious worship established prior to the proposed methadone treatment facility.

1. The provisions of this subsection shall apply whether or not an occupancy permit or certificate of use has been issued to the owner or operator of a methadone treatment facility for a location that is within 500 feet of an existing school, public playground, public park, residential housing area, child-care facility, church, meetinghouse, or other actual place of regularly stated religious worship established prior to the proposed methadone treatment facility.

B. Notwithstanding subsection (A), a methadone treatment facility may be established and operated closer than 500 feet of an existing school, public playground, public park, residential housing area, child-care facility, church, meetinghouse or other actual place of regularly stated religious worship established prior to the proposed methadone treatment facility if, by majority vote, the governing body for the municipality in which the proposed methadone treatment facility is to be located votes in favor of the issuance of an occupancy permit or certificate prior to the governing body of a municipality voting on whether to approve the issuance of an occupancy permit or certificate or use for a methadone treatment facility at a location that is closer than 500 feet of an existing school, public playground, public park, residential housing area, child-care facility, church, meetinghouse or other actual place of regularly stated religious worship established prior to the proposed methadone treatment facility, one or more public hearings regarding the proposed methadone treatment facility location shall be held within the municipality following public notice. All owners of real property located within 500 feet of the proposed location shall be

provided written notice of said public hearings at least 30 days prior to said public hearings occurring.

- C. This section shall not apply to a methadone treatment facility that is licensed by the Department of Health prior to May 15, 1999.
- D. As used in this section, the term "methadone treatment facility" shall mean a facility licensed by the Department of Health to use the drug methadone in the treatment, maintenance, or detoxification of persons.

ARTICLE II

RULES AND DEFINITIONS

SECTION 201 RULES

The following rules of construction shall apply to this Ordinance:

- A. The particular shall control the general.
- B. In case of any difference of meaning or implication between the text of this Ordinance and any caption or illustration, the text shall control.
- C. The word "shall" is mandatory and not discretionary. The word "may" is permissive.
- D. Words used in the present tense shall include the future, words in the singular number shall include the plural, and the plural the singular unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.
- E. The phrase "used for" includes "arranged for," "designed for," "intended for," "maintained for," and/or "occupied for."

SECTION 202 DEFINITIONS

Accessory Building or Accessory Use: A building or use customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal building or use and located on the same lot with such principal building or use. An accessory use includes, but is not limited to, the following:

Children's playhouse, garden house, or private greenhouse.

Civil Defense shelter serving not more than two (2) families.

Garage, shed, or building for domestic storage.

Storage of merchandise normally carried in stock on the same lot with any commercial use unless such storage is excluded by the district regulations.

Parking of boats, boat trailers, and travel trailers and recreational vehicles not used as a dwelling on the premises, provided said equipment is parked within the set back lines required of an accessory structure.

Private garage

Small Utility sheds not exceeding 160 square feet (10 feet high) may be placed on any residential lot with a minimum set back of 5 feet from all property lines. Accessory

buildings larger than 160 square feet must comply with all set backs.

Private swimming pools (see Section 802) appurtenant to an allowed use on the same lot when meeting the width requirements of the district for principal buildings and when the swimming pool or the property on which it is located is adequately fenced to prevent free access of small children.

Off-street motor vehicle parking area; loading and unloading facility.

Fence (Section 408); Signs (Article VII).

Satellite Dishes (Section 805).

The definition of accessory Use shall not include, and is not to be construed so as to include, telecommunications towers, telecommunications antennas, and telecommunications equipment building as defined herein.

Alley: A service way at least fifteen (15) feet wide, providing a secondary public means of access to abutting properties.

Alterations: As applied to a building or structure, a change or rearrangement in the structural parts in the existing facilities, or an enlargement, whether by extending on a side or by increasing in height, or the moving from one location to another, or any change in use from that of one zoning district classification to another.

Alterations, Structural: Any change in the supporting members of a building such as bearing walls, columns, beams, girders, or foundations.

Apartment: A room or suite of rooms in a multiple-family structure which is used as a single housekeeping unit, and which contains complete kitchen, bath, and toilet facilities, permanently installed.

Apartment Building: A building used by three (3) or more families living independently of each other and containing dwelling units.

Automobile Repair, Major: Engine rebuilding or major reconditioning of work or damaged motor vehicles or trailers; collision service, including body, frame or fender straightening or repair; overall painting of vehicles.

Automobile Repair, Minor: Incidental repairs; replacement of parts; motor service to automobiles; state inspection; but not including any operation specified under Automobile Repair, Major, above.

Basement: A story partly underground, but having at least one-half of its height above the average level of the adjoining

ground. A basement shall be counted as a story for the purpose of height measurement if the vertical distance between the ceiling and the average level of the adjoining ground is five (5) feet or more or if the basement is used for business or dwelling purposes.

Bed and Breakfast Dwelling/Business: Is a dwelling/structure in which overnight/temporary lodging and breakfast meal is provided by the resident/establishment to persons for compensation. Bed and Breakfast units are limited to a maximum of ten overnight guests at one time.

Billboard: Structure, building wall, or other outdoor surface used to display lettered, pictorial, sculptured, or other matter which directs attention to any product, commodity, or service offered only elsewhere than on the premises or as a minor and incidental service on the premises.

Block: A tract of land, a lot, a group of lots, bounded by streets, public parks, railroad rights-of-way, watercourses, and boundary lines of the Municipality, unsubdivided land, other definite barriers, or by a combination of the above.

Board: The Zoning Hearing Board of the Municipality.

Boarding House: Any dwelling or building in which three or more persons or families reside individually of one another and are housed or lodged for compensation with or without meals. A rooming house or a furnished room house shall be deemed a boarding house.

Buffer Area: A strip of land which is planted and maintained in shrubs, bushes, trees, grass, or other landscaping material and within which no structure is permitted except a wall or fence.

Building: A structure having a roof supported by columns or walls, for the shelter of persons, animals, chattels, or property. When separated by walls which are common with the walls of adjoining dwellings, each portion of such structure shall be considered as separate building.

Building Area: The aggregate of the maximum horizontal cross-section areas of all buildings on a lot above the ground level, measured at the greatest outside dimensions, excluding cornices, eaves, gutters or chimneys projected not more than 18 inches, bay windows not extending through more than one story and not projecting more than five (5) feet, one story open porches projecting not more than ten (10) feet, steps, and balconies.

Building or Set-Back Line: The line within a property defining the required minimum distance between any building and the adjacent right-of-way or property line. This face includes sun parlors and covered porches whether enclosed or unenclosed, but does not include walks, steps, paved areas or terraces.

1. Front Set-Back Line: The line nearest the front of and across a lot establishing minimum open space to be provided between the front line of buildings and structures and the front lot line.
2. Side Set-Back Line: The line nearest the side of and across a lot establishing the minimum open space to be provided between the side line of buildings and structures and the side lot line.
3. Rear Set-Back Line: The line nearest the rear of and across a lot establishing the minimum open space to be provided between the rear line of buildings and structures and the rear lot line.
4. Width of Building Line: The horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the minimum prescribed front yard setback line as set forth in this Ordinance.

Building Height: The vertical distance measured from the average elevation of the proposed finished grade at the front of the building to the highest point of the roof for flat roofs, to the deckline of mansard roofs, and to the mean height between eave and ridge for gable, hip, and gambrel roofs.

Cellar: An unfinished story partly underground and having more than one-half of its clear height below the average level of the ground surrounding the structure. A cellar is not to be counted as a story in computing the number of stories of a structure or building unless it is used for business or dwelling purposes.

Common Open Space: A parcel or parcels of land or an area of water, or a combination of land and water within a development site and designed and intended for the use or enjoyment of residents of a development, not including streets, off-street parking areas, and areas set aside for public facilities.

Coverage: That percentage of the lot area covered by the building area.

County: The County of Cambria, Pennsylvania.

Day Care:

1. Day Care Center - A facility in which care is provided for seven (7) or more children, at any one time, where the child care areas are not being used as a family residence.
2. Family Day Care Home - Any premises other than the child's own home, operated for profit or not for profit, in which child day care is provided at any one time for four, five, or six children, who are not relatives of the caregiver.
3. Group Day Care Home - A facility in which care is provided for more than 6 but less than 12 children, at

any one time, where the child care areas are being used as a family residence.

4. For purposes of this Ordinance, a child is a person under 16 years of age.

District, Zoning: A section of the Municipality for which uniform regulations governing the use, height, area, and intensity of use of buildings and land and open spaces about buildings are herein established.

Development Plan: The provisions for development, including a planned residential development, a plat of subdivision, all covenants relating to use, location and bulk of buildings and other structures, intensity of use or density of development, streets, ways and parking facilities, common open space and public facilities. The phrase "provisions of the development plan" when used in this Ordinance shall mean the written and graphic materials referred to in this definition.

Developer: Any landowner, agent of such landowner or tenant with the permission of such landowner, who makes or causes to be made a subdivision of land or a land development.

Decision: Final adjudication of any board or other body granted jurisdiction under this Ordinance to do so, either by reason of the grant of exclusive jurisdiction or by reason of appeals from determinations. All decisions shall be appealable to the court of common pleas of the county and judicial district wherein the municipality lies.

Determination: Final action by an officer, body or agency charged with the administration of any land use ordinance or applications thereunder, except the following:

1. the governing body;
2. the zoning hearing board; or
3. the planning agency, only if and to the extent that planning agency is charged with final decision on preliminary or final plans under the Subdivision and Land development Ordinance or planned residential development provisions.

Determinations shall be appealable only to the boards designated as having jurisdiction for such appeal.

Driveway: A private or common right-of-way used by vehicles and pedestrians for an individual or multiple land, lot, or facility owner.

Dwelling: Any structure, or part thereof, designed to be occupied as living quarters as a single housekeeping unit.

1. Detached House: A dwelling unit occupying the whole of a freestanding residential structure.

2. Twin or Semi-Detached House: A residential structure occupied by two (2) dwelling units with a common wall.
3. Duplex: A residential structure divided vertically or horizontally into two (2) dwelling units.
4. Row House or Town House: A structure with two (2) or more party walls of three (3) or more units not having any horizontal divisions between units.
5. Apartment: A dwelling unit separated horizontally and/or vertically from one or more other units in a structure.
 - a. Apartment House or Multiple Dwelling Unit: A residential structure containing three (3) or more apartments.
 - b. Garden Apartment: An apartment house not exceeding three (3) stories in height.
 - c. High-Rise Apartment: An apartment house exceeding three (3) stories in height.

Engineer: A professional engineer licensed as such in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, duly appointed as the engineer for a municipality, planning agency, or joint planning commission.

Family: One or more persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption or three unrelated persons living as a household in a dwelling unit. May also include domestic servants and gratuitous guests.

Farming or Farm Use: The use of land for raising and harvesting crops or for the feeding, breeding and management of livestock or for dairying or any other agricultural or horticultural use including raising and harvesting timber and timber products or tree farming or any combination thereof and includes the preparation of the products raised therein for man's use and disposal by marketing or otherwise. It includes the construction and use of dwellings and other buildings customarily provided in conjunction with the farm use.

Fence: A structure which permanently or temporarily serves as a barrier to restrict travel between properties or portions of properties or between street or public right-of-way and a property.

Floor Area: The sum of the gross horizontal areas of the several floors of a building or buildings, measured from the exterior faces of exterior walls, or from the centerline of common walls separating buildings. For purposes of determining parking and loading space requirements for the several zoning districts herein, the "floor area" of a building or buildings shall include: basement space, penthouses, attic space providing structural headroom of seven and one half (7-1/2) feet or more, interior balconies and

mezzanines, enclosed porches, accessory uses other than accessory off-street parking, lobbies and hallways. For determination of parking and loading space requirements, the following areas shall not be included: cellar space, elevator shafts and stairwells, floor space for mechanical equipment as necessary to service the needs of the building, uncovered steps, terraces, breezeways, open spaces unroofed unless specifically required in the parking regulations herein, and fitting and dressing rooms.

For the purpose of determining minimum floor area as applied to a dwelling unit, floor area shall mean the habitable living area of the dwelling as measured by exterior dimensions and shall not include attached garages, unfinished basements, laundry or furnace rooms or carports. Neither are porches included unless completely enclosed and finished.

Forestry: The management of forests and timberlands when practiced in accordance with accepted silvicultural principles through development, cultivating, harvesting, transporting, and selling trees for commercial purposes, which does not involve any land development.

Foundation: Permanent base or substructure of a building that is totally or more than one half of its clear height below the average level of the surrounding ground. It is the basic support of the building or structure.

Garage, Private: An accessory building, housing only motor driven vehicles, the property of and for the use of the occupants of the lot on which the private garage is located.

Garage, Public: Any garage other than a private garage, available to the public, and which is used for storage, parking, repair, rental, greasing, washing, servicing, adjusting, or equipping of motor-driven vehicles. (Does not include marshalling yard or storage or repair of earth-moving or construction vehicles.)

Garden Apartment: A multiple-family dwelling of two or three stories in height, which by its name implies low land coverage, ample open space between buildings, and convenient on-site parking for tenants' cars.

Governing Body: The council in cities, boroughs, and incorporated towns; the board of commissioners in townships of the first class; the board of supervisors in townships of the second class; the board of commissioners in counties of the second class A through eighth classes or as may be designated in the law providing for the form of government.

Habitable Living Area: The floor area of a building or structure which is furnished to the extent that it is customarily occupied by residents or users of the buildings or structure.

Health Authority: The State Department of Health or its authorized representative of the Municipality.

Hearing: An administrative proceeding conducted by a board pursuant to Section 909.1 of the Pennsylvania Municipal Planning Code.

Hospital: The term "hospital" shall include sanitarium, sanitorium, preventorium, clinic, rest home, nursing home, convalescent home, and any place for the diagnosis, treatment or other care of human ailments, and shall be deemed to be limited to such places.

Hotel: A building in which temporary lodging is offered to the public or transients for compensation and in which ingress and egress to and from rooms is made from an inside lobby or office which is supervised by a person in charge at all hours. Access to on site parking, restaurants, news stands, and other commercial facilities may be provided for the occupants and only incidentally to the public.

Hotel, Motor: A building in which lodging is provided and offered to the transient public for compensation and in which egress and ingress to and from rooms may be made either directly from the exterior or through an inside lobby or office supervised by a person in charge at all times.

Industrial Housing: The term shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the act of May 11, 1972 (P.L. 286, No. 70), known as the Industrialized Housing Act.

Institutional House: A public or private organized establishment in which children, elderly, or adults may receive services in order to maintain daily routines. Services may or may not include medical or educational services. The classification shall not include: Daycare Facilities, Nursery Schools, or Penal or Reformatory Institutions.

Junk Yard: An area set aside for the accumulation of abandoned vehicles, appliances, or other used or scrap materials for the express purpose of resale.

Land Use Ordinance: Any ordinance or map adopted pursuant to the authority granted in Articles IV, V, VI, and VII of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

Landscaping: To improve, arrange, ornament, or modify the effects of natural scenery over a tract of land through development and decorative planting of gardens and grounds.

Landowner: The legal or beneficial owner or owners of land including the holder of an option or contract to purchase (whether or not such option or contract is subject to any condition), a lessee if he is authorized under the lease to exercise the rights of the landowner, or other person having a proprietary interest in land.

Livestock: Any animal such as cattle, pigs, horses, chickens, etc. or any animal to be deemed farmlike other than common

domesticated animals such as dogs, cats, and domesticated birds, etc.

Loading Space: A space within the main building or on the same lot therewith providing for the standing, loading, or unloading of vehicles.

Lot: A designated parcel, tract or area of land established by a plat or otherwise as permitted by law and to be used, developed or built upon as a unit.

Lot Area: Total horizontal area included within lot lines excluding space within any street or right-of-way, but including the area of any easement.

Lot, Corner: A lot at the junction of two or more intersecting streets and having frontage on two or more such streets.

Lot, Depth of: The mean horizontal distance between the front line and the rear lot line, measured midway between the side lot lines.

Lot, Interior: A lot other than a corner lot or a through lot.

Lot, Recorded: Any lot which individually, or a part of a subdivision, has been recorded in the Office of the County Recorder of Deeds.

Lot, Through: A lot having frontage on two parallel or approximately parallel streets and which is not a corner lot.

Lot, Width: The dimension of a lot, measured between the side lot lines on the building line.

Lot Line, Front: In the case of an interior lot, the line separating the lot from the street. In case of a corner lot, the line separating the narrowest frontage of the lot from the street.

Manufactured Housing: Housing which bears a label, as required by and referred to in the act of November 17, 1982 (P.L. 676, No. 192), known as the Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Authorization Act, certifying that it conforms to Federal construction and safety standards adopted under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-383, 88 Stat. 633).

Mediation: A voluntary negotiating process in which parties in a dispute mutually select a neutral mediator to assist them in jointly exploring and settling their differences, culminating in a written agreement which the parties themselves create and consider acceptable.

Minerals: Any aggregate or mass of mineral matter, whether or not coherent. The term includes, but is not limited to, limestone an dolomite, sand and gravel, rock and stone, earth,

fill, slag, iron ore, zinc ore, vermiculite and clay, anthracite and bituminous coal, coal refuse, peat and crude oil and natural gas.

Mobile Home: A transportable, single family dwelling intended for permanent occupancy, contained in one unit, or in two or more units designed to be joined into one integral unit capable of again being separated for repeated towing, which arrives at a site complete and ready for occupancy except for minor and incidental unpacking and assembly operations, and constructed so that it may be used without a permanent foundation.

Mobile Home Lot: A parcel of land in a mobile home park for the placement of a single mobile home and the exclusive use of its occupants.

Mobile Home Park: A parcel or contiguous parcels of land which has been so designated and improved that it contains two or more mobile home lots for the placement thereon of mobile homes. The property may be owned by an individual, a firm, trust, partnership, public or private association or corporation. Recreational vehicles shall not be included.

Modular Home: A single family dwelling designed for transportation after fabrication in one or more units, and arriving at a site where it is assembled on a permanent foundation and connected to utilities.

Motel: See Hotel Motor, herein.

Municipality: Any city of the second class A or third class, borough, incorporated town, township of the first or second class, county of the second class A through eighth class, home rule municipality, or any similar general purpose unit of government which shall hereafter be created by the General Assembly.

Municipal or Public Building: Any building or structure erected, altered, and/or occupied by a governmental or public agency or organization providing services and facilities for the general public.

Municipal Engineer: A professional engineer licensed as such in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, duly appointed as the engineer for a municipality, planning agency, or joint planning commission.

No-Impact Home-Based Business: A business or commercial activity administered or conducted as an accessory use, which is clearly secondary to the use as a residential dwelling and which involves neither customer, client, or patient traffic; nor pickup, delivery, or removal functions in excess of those normally associated with residential use. A no-impact home-based business shall not change the character thereof or have any exterior evidence of such secondary use other than a small name plate, measuring not more than one hundred forty four (144) square inches, and in connection therewith there is not involved the

exhibition of stock in trade. The secondary use shall not be carried on in an adjacent separate, attached or integral structure not designed for living space such as a garage or other out building, shall not constitute more than twenty-five (25%) percent of the habitable living area and shall not employ more than one (1) other person than a resident family member. Off-street parking relating to the home-based business shall be limited to not more than three (3) spaces for motor vehicles in excess of the number of motor vehicles registered to the occupants residing at the residence in which the home occupation is conducted.

A home-based business shall be required to have all necessary state and local permits and licenses.

Non-conforming Lot: A lot the area or dimension of which was lawful prior to the adoption or amendment of a Zoning Ordinance, but which fails to conform to the requirements of the zoning district in which it is located by reasons of such adoption or amendment.

Non-conforming Structure: A structure or part of a structure manifestly not designed to comply with the applicable use or extent of use provisions in a Zoning Ordinance or amendment heretofore or hereafter enacted, where such structure lawfully existed prior to the enactment of such Ordinance or amendment or prior to the application of such Ordinance or amendment to its location by reason of annexation. Such non-conforming structures include, but are not limited to, non-conforming signs.

Non-conforming Use: A use, whether of land or of structure, which does not comply with the applicable use provisions in a Zoning Ordinance or amendment heretofore or hereafter enacted, where such use was lawfully in existence prior to the enactment of such Ordinance or amendment, or prior to the application of such Ordinance or amendment to its location by reason of annexation.

Nursery School: A premise other than the child's own home which shall provide daytime care or instruction to two or more children of preschool age.

Official Map: A map adopted by ordinance pursuant to Article IV of the PA Municipalities Planning Code.

Office Structure: A structure designed and used only for office and administrative activities and shall not include those activities of a commercial nature.

Park Street: A private way which affords principal means of access to individual mobile home lots or auxiliary buildings.

Parking Lot: Any lot, parcel or yard used in whole or in part for the storage or parking of two or more vehicles where such usage is not incidental to or in conjunction with a one-family or two-family dwelling.

Parking Space: An off-street space available for the parking of one motor vehicle and having an area of not less than one hundred eighty (180) square feet exclusive of passageways and driveways appurtenant thereto and giving access thereto and having direct access to a street or alley.

Planned Residential Development: An area of land, controlled by a landowner, to be developed as a single entity for a number of dwelling units, or combination of residential and nonresidential uses, the development plan for which does not correspond in lot size, bulk, type of dwelling, or use, density, or intensity, lot coverage and required open space to the regulations established in any one district created, from time to time, under the provisions of a Municipal Zoning Ordinance.

Planning Agency: A planning commission, planning department, or a planning committee of the governing body. Planning Commission: The Planning Commission of the Municipality.

Plat: The map or plan of a subdivision or land development, whether preliminary or final.

Preservation or Protection: When used in conjunction with natural and historic resources, shall include means to conserve and safeguard these resources from wasteful or destructive use but shall not be interpreted to authorize the unreasonable restriction of forestry, mining, or other lawful uses of natural resources.

Prime Agricultural Land: Land used for agricultural purposes that contains soils of the first, second, or third class as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resource and Conservation Services County Soil Survey.

Public Grounds: Includes:

1. Parks, playgrounds, trails, paths and other recreational areas and other public areas;
2. Sites for schools, sewage treatment, refuse disposal and other publicly owned or operated facilities; and
3. Publicly owned or operated scenic and historic sites.

Public Hearing: A formal meeting held pursuant to public notice by the governing body, or planning agency, intended to inform and obtain public comment, prior to taking action.

Public Meeting: A forum held pursuant to notice under the act of July 3, 1986 (P.L. 388, No. 84), known as the "Sunshine Act."

Public Notice: Notice published once each week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the Municipality. Such notice shall state the time and place of the hearing and the particular nature of the matter to be considered at the hearing. The first publication shall not be more than 30

days and the second publication shall not be less than seven days from the date of the hearing.

Public Utility Transmission Tower: A Structure, owned and operated by a public utility electric company regulated by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, designed and used to support overhead electricity transmission lines.

Recreation Vehicle: A vehicle of any size which is designed as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreational and vacation uses, and which is self-propelled or is designed to be towed or carried by another vehicle.

Report: Any letter, review, memorandum, compilation or similar writing made by any body, board, officer or consultant for the purpose of assisting the recipient of such report in the rendering of any decision or determination. All reports shall be deemed recommendatory and advisory only and shall not be binding upon the recipient, board, officer, body or agency, nor shall any appeal lie therefrom. Any report used, received or considered by the body, board, officer or agency rendering a determination or decision shall be made available for inspection to the applicant and all other parties to any proceeding upon request, and copies thereof shall be provided at cost of reproduction.

Self-Service Laundry: A business that provides home-type washing, drying or ironing machines, or dry-cleaning machines for hire to be used by customers on the premises.

Service Building: A structure housing toilet, lavatory and such other facilities as may be required by this Ordinance.

Service Station: A building(s), premises or portions thereof which are used, arranged, designed, or intended to be used for the retail sale of gasoline, or other fuel for motor vehicles, boats, or aircraft as well as for minor automobile repair, including state inspection.

Shed: A building or structure used as a storage place or workshop and should have a maximum square footage of 240 square feet and a maximum height of 10 feet.

Sign: Any surface, fabric, display of merchandise, or vehicle device, bearing lettered, pictorial, sculptured, or other matter designed to convey information visually and exposed to public view; any structure designed to carry the above visual information; any structure or device designed or installed principally to direct or attract attention, except traffic signs or devices.

Special Exception: A land use or structure which is specifically permitted in a zoning district but is subject to meeting expressed standards and/or criteria as written in Article IX of this Ordinance.

Story: That portion of a building included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the floor next above it, or if

there is no floor above it, then the space between the floor and the ceiling next above it.

Street: Includes street, avenue, boulevard, road, highway, freeway, parkway, lane, alley, viaduct and any other ways used or intended to be used by vehicular traffic or pedestrians whether public or private.

Structure: Any man-made object having an ascertainable stationary location on or in land or water, whether or not affixed to the land.

Subdivision: The division or redivision of a lot, tract or parcel of land by any means into two or more lots, tracts, parcels or other divisions of land including changes in existing lot lines for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of lease, partition by the court for distribution to heirs or devisees, transfer of ownership or building or lot development: Provided, however, that the subdivision by lease of land for agricultural purposes into parcels of more than ten acres, not involving any new street or easement of access or any residential dwelling, shall be exempted.

Surface Mining: Any extraction of any mineral which involves removal of the surface of the earth or exposure of the mineral or substance of the earth to wind, rain or sun or other elements of nature for sale or commercial purposes.

Telecommunications Antenna: Any device used for the transmission or reception of radio, television, wireless telephone, pager, commercial mobile radio service or any other wireless communications signals, including without limitation omnidirectional or whip antennas and directional or panel antennas, owned or operated by any person or entity licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to operate such device. This definition shall not include private residence mounted satellite dishes or television antennas or amateur radio equipment including without limitation, ham or citizen band radio antennas.

Telecommunications Equipment Building: An unnamed building or cabinet containing communications equipment required for the operation of communications antennas and covering an area on the ground not greater than 250 square feet.

Telecommunications Tower: The structure other than a building such as a monopole, self-supporting or guyed tower, designed and used to support communications antennas. The height of a telecommunications tower is the vertical distance measured from the ground level to the highest point on the tower including antennas.

Townhouse: Single-family attached dwelling unit with walls, each dwelling unit is a complete entity with its own utility connections.

Travel Trailer: Any trailer usually drawn by a passenger automobile, used for occasional transport of personal effects.

Use: The specific purpose for which land or building is designed, arranged, intended, or for which it may be occupied or maintained. The term PERMITTED USE or its equivalent shall not be deemed to include any non-conforming use.

Variance: Permission granted by the Zoning Hearing Board, following a hearing that has been properly advertised for a zoning adjustment.

Water Survey: An inventory of the source, quantity, yield and use of groundwater and surface-water resources within a Municipality.

Yard: A space on the same lot with a principal building, open, unoccupied, and unobstructed by structures, except as otherwise provided in this Ordinance.

Yard, Front: A yard extending across the full width of the lot, unoccupied other than by steps, walks, terraces, driveways, lampposts, and similar structures, the depth of which is the least distance between the lot line and building line.

Yard, Rear: A yard extending across the full width of the lot between the rear of the principal building and the rear lot line, unoccupied by other than accessory buildings which do not occupy more than thirty (30) percent of the space, and steps, walls, terraces, driveways, lampposts, and similar structures the depth of which is the least distance between the rear lot line and the rear of such building.

Yard, Side: A yard between the principal building and the side lot line, extending from the front yard, or from the front lot line where no front yard is required, to the rear yard. The width of the required side yard is measured horizontally and at ninety (90) degrees with the side lot line, from the nearest part of the principal building.

Zoning Officer: The administrative officer appointed by elected officials of the Municipality to administer the Zoning Ordinance in accordance to its literal terms and requires the officer to identify and register non-conforming uses and structures, receive applications, inspect premises, and issue permits. Any disagreement with the Zoning Officer's literal interpretation can be settled judicially through the appeals process. The Zoning Administrator may also be referred to as the Zoning Officer.

Zoning Approval: A statement issued by and signed by the Zoning Officer authorizing the use of construction of a structure and indicating on its face that the proposed use or structure complies with the Zoning Ordinance or with a decision and order of the Zoning Hearing Board or a court of competent jurisdiction rendered in connection with an application relative to use of the premises involved. No approval shall be issued for any use or

construction unless the applicant shall submit written proof that the designated authorities have granted approval of required sanitary sewage and water facilities.

Zoning Hearing Board: A multiple member board, appointed by elected officials of the Municipality, to hear and decide appeals under its jurisdiction as stipulated in Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Section 909.1(a).

ARTICLE III

ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS

SECTION 301 ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS AND THE ZONING DISTRICT MAP

For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Municipalities are hereby divided into the following districts:

R-1 District	Single Family Residential District (Low Density)
R-2 District	Single Family Residential District (Medium Density)
R-3 District	Multi-Family Residential District (High Density)
C District	Commercial District
I District	Industrial District
FP District	Floodplain District
A District	Agricultural District
S District	Conservancy District

The boundaries of districts shall be as shown on the map attached hereto and made a part of this Ordinance, which map shall be known as the "Zoning District Map of Borough of Northern Cambria." Said map and all notations, references, and data shown thereon are hereby incorporated by reference into this Ordinance and shall be as much a part of this Ordinance as if all were fully described herein.

SECTION 302 INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

- A. Where district boundaries are indicated as approximately following the center lines of streets, highways, alleys, street lines, highway right-of-way lines, or streams, such centerlines shall be construed to be such boundaries.
- B. Where district boundaries are so indicated that they approximately follow lot lines, such lot lines shall be construed to be such boundaries.
- C. Where district boundaries are so indicated that they approximately follow or are parallel to the centerlines of streets, highways, or the right-of-way of same, such district boundaries shall be construed to be parallel thereto and at such distance therefrom as indicated on the Zoning District Map.
- D. Where the boundary of a district follows a stream or other body of water, another Municipality or Municipality boundary, the boundary shall be deemed to be the limits of jurisdiction of the Municipality, unless otherwise indicated.

E. Where the boundary of a district follows a railroad right-of-way, such district boundaries shall be construed to the centerline of the right-of-way.

ARTICLE IV

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 401 CONFORMANCE AND PERMITS

No building or land shall, after effective date of this Ordinance, except for existing lawful non-conforming uses, be used or occupied and no building or part thereof shall be erected, moved, or altered unless in conformity with the regulations herein specified for the district in which it is located, and then only after applying for and securing all permits (sewage enforcement, building, occupancy, etc.) and licenses required by all laws and ordinances.

SECTION 402 CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION

No building shall hereafter be erected or altered to exceed the height, to accommodate (or house) a greater number of families; to occupy a greater percentage of lot area; or to have a narrower or smaller rear yard, side yard, or front yard than is herein specified for the district in which the building is located.

SECTION 403 YARDS

No part of a yard or other open space about any building required for the purpose of complying with the provisions of this Ordinance shall be included as a part of a yard or open space similarly required for another building.

SECTION 404 SUBSTANDARD DWELLINGS

No structure shall be used or occupied as a dwelling if such structure is in need of such major structural repairs as to render it unsafe or unsanitary, or if the premises do not have connection with the municipal sewer system or alternative sanitary sewage facilities approved by the Sewage Enforcement Officer (SEO).

SECTION 405 USES REQUIRING SITE PLAN AND/OR SITE PLAN APPROVAL

A. All Uses of Property for One and Two-Family Dwellings

The application for a permit shall be accompanied by a site plan at an appropriate scale to indicate the following:

1. The size and shape of the property including property line dimensions, corners, easements, right-of-ways, and names of adjacent properties.
2. The size, shape, height, area, and location of all principal and accessory buildings. Dimensions from all buildings to adjacent property lines shall be indicated.

B. Use of Property Other Than One and Two Family Dwellings

In addition to the above requirements, uses of all property other than one and two-family dwellings in R-3, C, and I districts, shall in addition to conforming to any and all regulations pertaining thereto that are specifically set forth in this ordinance, be in accordance with a site plan approved by the Planning Agency. In addition, all public or semi-public buildings, all subdivision plans, and special exceptions shall be in accordance with a site plan approved by the Planning Agency and Zoning Hearing Board, as is necessary in cases where exceptions are granted. The site plan shall show in addition to any specific requirements set forth in the district regulations herein, the following:

1. The location of principal and accessory buildings.
2. Traffic circulation features within the site.
3. The location of vehicular access onto the site, or State Highway Occupancy Permit if onto a state road.
4. Utilities connections: water, electric (show voltage), sewage, gas, phone.
5. The height and bulk of structures.
6. The provisions of off-street parking and loading facilities.
7. The provision of open space.
8. Drainage Structures: culverts, catch basins, inlets, ditches, drain tile.
9. Drainage flow, catch basin size, and location of any storm sewers and discharge points from the site.
10. The landscaping, paving, fencing, walls and signs on the site.
11. Location, size, and content of all underground and above ground storage tanks.
12. Provide floor plans for all structures to be developed as part of this project.
13. Such additional information as may be required by the Municipality.

In considering any plan hereunder, the Planning Agency will endeavor to assure safety and convenience of traffic movement, harmonious and beneficial relationship of buildings and

uses on the site as well as to contiguous properties and overall development in a manner not detrimental to the public at large, before giving a recommendation to the Zoning Hearing Board (where exceptions are necessary).

SECTION 406 PUBLIC UTILITY LINES

An easement for the transportation, distribution, and control of water, gas, electricity, oil, steam, telegraph, cable T.V., telephone, and telecommunications shall not be required to be located on a lot nor be held to reduce yard dimensions for other buildings on a lot.

SECTION 407 LOTS OF RECORD NOT MEETING LOT AREA REQUIREMENTS

A one-family dwelling may be erected upon a lot on an approved plan of record, which lot has insufficient area and dimensions to meet the lot area and setback requirements, provided said lot, on the effective date of this Ordinance, was held lawfully under separate ownership from the adjoining lots, and provided that all other provisions of this Ordinance can be met.

SECTION 408 FENCES AND ENCLOSURE WALLS

- A. An open fence or wall with a ratio of solid portion to open portion not exceeding 2:1 may be built to a height of 5 feet along or within the property line, provided said fence or wall does not obstruct the field of vision for vehicular street traffic.
- B. A solid fence or wall must comply with the setback requirements for an accessory building and shall not exceed 6 feet in height.
- C. Decorative fences not exceeding a height of 4 feet and retaining walls shall be excluded from the foregoing requirements and shall not require the issuance of a building permit.

ARTICLE V

PROVISIONS GOVERNING ZONING DISTRICTS

SECTION 501 R-1 ONE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (LOW DENSITY)

The "R-1" One-Family Residential District is composed of certain quiet, low density residential areas of the Municipality, plus certain open areas where similar residential development appears likely to occur. The regulations for this district are designed to stabilize and protect the essential characteristics of the district; to protect the amenities of certain areas of the Municipality where the pattern has already been established with single-family developments on relatively large lots; to promote and encourage a suitable environment for family life, and to prohibit all activities of a commercial or industrial nature except home offices of doctors or ministers and certain home occupations, controlled by specific limitations governing the size and extent of such non-residential activities. Therefore, development is limited to a relatively low concentration with relatively large lot sizes, and permitted uses are limited basically to single-family dwellings, plus certain additional uses such as schools, parks, churches, and certain public facilities which serve the residents of the district.

A. Permitted Uses

A building may be erected or used and a lot may be used or occupied for any of the following purposes:

1. One-family detached dwelling.
2. Public school, or private school having a curriculum similar to that ordinarily given in a public school, including religious instruction in parochial school.
3. Church and similar place of worship.
4. Convent, monastery, rectory or parish house to be occupied by not more than ten persons.
5. Temporary building and use for construction purposes, not to exceed a period of one year.
6. Public and private outdoor recreation areas and facilities.
7. Forestry (Act 68 of 2002)
8. No-Impact Home-Based Business (Act 43 of 2002)
9. Residential private garage

B. Accessory Uses

Accessory uses on the same lot with and customarily incidental to any of the foregoing permitted uses and

including but not limited to:

1. Private garage;
2. Off-street parking and loading facility;
3. Cultivation of plants, non-commercial;
4. Private swimming pool appurtenant to a dwelling when meeting the requirements of this Ordinance;
5. Signs as provided under this Ordinance;
6. Parking of boats, boat trailers, and trailers not used as dwellings on the premises;
7. Such permitted accessory uses as listed in the definition of Accessory Use and which are incidental to residential use;
8. Satellite dishes and antennas;
9. Similar type uses not specifically listed herein when authorized by the Zoning Hearing Board.

C. Uses by Special Exception

1. Day Care Center/Group Day Care;
2. Funeral Homes;
3. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas.

D. Non-Permitted Uses

1. Surface Mining and Mineral Extraction;
2. Management of livestock on less than two (2) acre tracts;
3. Commercial and Industrial establishments;
4. Mobile Home Parks;
5. Associated Deep Mining Facilities;

E. Setbacks

No building or structure shall be erected or enlarged unless the minimum yard areas and setbacks are provided as follows:

1. Yard Setbacks

- a. Front Yard - Not less than thirty-five (35) feet.
- b. Rear Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet, except where abutting an alley/street, then twenty-five (25) feet.
- c. Side Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet.

2. Corner Lots

- a. Front Yard - Not less than thirty-five (35) feet.
- b. Side Yard Abutting Side Street - Not less than twenty-five (25) feet.
- c. Interior Side Yards - Not less than ten (10) feet.
- d. Rear Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet, except where abutting an alley/street, then twenty-five (25) feet.

Note: Landscape area is included in setback dimensions.

Exception:

Where more than fifty percent (50%) of the lots within a block contain existing structures, the front yard setback may be reduced to conform to the setback lines of the existing structures.

Accessory structure not exceeding 240 square feet (10 feet high) may be placed on any residential lot with a minimum setback of five (5) feet from all property lines.

F. Height

The maximum height of buildings hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

- 1. One-family detached dwelling - thirty-five (35) feet.
- 2. Church or similar place of worship - forty-five (45) feet for the principal building and seventy-five (75) feet for steeples or towers.
- 3. Accessory building - twenty (20) feet.

4. Any other permitted building - thirty-five (35) feet.

G. Lot Area

The minimum lot area for every building hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

1. One-family detached dwelling, convent, monastery, rectory or parish house -- a minimum of seven thousand one hundred (7,100) square feet and width at the building line of not less than one hundred fifty (150) feet in areas with public sewer and water. A minimum lot size of one-half (1/2) acre and 200 feet width is required in areas without municipal sewer and water.
2. Church or similar place of worship -- one and one-half (1-1/2) acres and a width at the building line of not less than two hundred (200) feet.
3. Public or private school -
 - a. Elementary School: five (5) acres plus one (1) acre for every one hundred (100) students at design capacity.
 - b. Junior High School: eight (8) acres plus one (1) acres for every one hundred (100) students at design capacity.
 - c. High School: twelve (12) acres plus one (1) acre for every one hundred (100) students at design capacity.

H. Percentage of Lot Coverage

All buildings, including accessory uses, shall cover not more than thirty (30) percent of the area of the lot.

I. Dwelling Standards

Every one-family dwelling hereafter erected or altered shall have a floor area of not less than eight hundred (800) square feet.

J. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

Shall be provided as required or permitted under this Ordinance.

SECTION 502 "R-2" ONE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (MEDIUM DENSITY)

The "R-2" One-Family Residential District is composed of certain medium-density residential areas of the Municipality representing a compatible mingling of a single-unit and double-unit dwellings, bed and breakfast dwellings/business and planned

residential development plus certain open areas where similar residential development appears likely to occur. The regulations for this district are designed to stabilize and protect the essential characteristics of the district; to promote and encourage a suitable environment for family life; and to prohibit all activities of a commercial and industrial nature except home office of doctors or ministers and certain home occupations, controlled by specific limitations governing the size and extent of such non-residential activities. To these ends, development is limited to a relatively medium concentration and permitted uses are typically single and two-unit dwellings, providing homes for the residents in this choice of dwelling types, plus certain additional uses such as schools, parks, churches and certain facilities which serve the residents of the district.

A. Permitted Uses

— A building may be erected or used, and a lot may be used or occupied, for any of the following purposes:

1. Any use permitted in R-1 District;
2. Two-family dwelling.
3. Planned Residential Developments.
4. Bed and Breakfast (Dwelling/Business)

B. Accessory Uses

As permitted in R-1 District

C. Uses by Special Exception

1. As permitted in R-1 District;
2. Boarding House;
4. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas.

D. Non-Permitted Uses

1. Surface Mining and Mineral Extraction;
2. Associated deep mining facilities;
3. Management of livestock on less than five (5) acre tracts;
4. Commercial and industrial establishments.

E. Setbacks

No building or structure shall be erected or enlarged unless the minimum yard areas and setbacks are provided as follows:

1. Yard Setbacks

- a. Front Yard - Not less than thirty-five (35) feet.
- b. Rear Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet, except where abutting an alley/street, then twenty-five (25) feet.
- c. Side Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet.

2. Corner Lots

- a. Front Yard - Not less than thirty-five (35) feet.
- b. Side Yard Abutting Side Street - Not less than twenty-five (25) feet.
- c. Interior Side Yards - Not less than ten (10) feet.
- d. Rear Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet, except where abutting an alley/street, then twenty-five (25) feet.

Note: Landscape area is included in setback dimensions.

Exception

Where more than fifty percent (50%) of the lots within a block contain existing structures, the front yard setback may be reduced to conform to the setback lines of the existing structures.

F. Height

The maximum height of buildings hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

1. As permitted or required in the R-1 District.
2. Two-family dwellings - thirty-five (35) feet.

G. Lot Area

The minimum lot area for every building hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

1. One-family detached dwelling, convent, monastery, rectory or parish house - seven thousand one hundred (7,100) square feet and a width at the building line of not less than fifty (50) feet.
2. Two-family dwellings - A combined area of fourteen thousand two hundred (14,200) square feet and a width at the building line of not less than one hundred (100) feet.
3. Church and similar place of worship - as required in R-1 District.
4. Public or private school - as required in R-1 District.

H. Percentage of Lot Coverage

As permitted in R-1 District.

I. Dwelling Standards

Every one-family dwelling hereafter erected or altered shall have a floor area of not less than eight hundred (800) square feet, two-family dwelling shall have a minimum (combined) floor area of sixteen hundred (1,600) square feet.

J. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

Shall be provided as required or permitted under this Ordinance.

SECTION 503 "R-3" MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)

The R-3 Multi-Family Residential District is composed of certain higher density residential areas of the Municipality representing a compatible mingling of single, duplex, and multi-unit residential dwellings as well as professional offices. The regulations for this district are designed to stabilize and protect the essential characteristics of the district; to promote and encourage a suitable environment for family life; and to prohibit all activities of a commercial and industrial nature

except those having also some aspects of residential use, such as professional business offices, funeral homes, and membership clubs, controlled by specific limitations governing the size and extent of such semi-commercial activities. Development is encouraged at a higher concentration, and permitted uses are typically row dwellings and low-rise apartments, plus certain additional uses such as schools, parks, churches, and certain public facilities which serve the residents of the district. However, four-story apartments with corresponding proportions of open space also may be developed under prescribed standards of density and open space.

A. Permitted Uses

A building may be erected or used, and a lot may be used or occupied, for any of the following purposes:

1. Any use permitted in R-1 and R-2 Districts;
2. Townhouses;
3. Garden Apartments;
4. Four-Story Apartments;
5. Professional Offices;
6. Schools and Churches;
7. Public and private outdoor recreation areas and facilities.

B. Accessory Uses

As permitted in R-1 District.

C. Uses by Special Exception

1. Funeral Homes;
2. Rooming House;
3. Day Care Facilities;
4. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas.

D. Non-Permitted Uses

1. Surface Mining and Mineral Extraction;
2. Associated Deep Mining Facilities;
3. Management of Livestock on less than five (5) acre tract.

E. Setbacks

No building or structure shall be erected or enlarged unless the minimum yard areas and setbacks are provided as follows:

1. As permitted in R-1 and R-2 Districts;
2. Multi-family dwelling, townhouse, multi-story buildings, and non-residential buildings - all yards to be equal to building height, or:
 - a. Front Yard - Not less than fifteen (15) feet.
 - b. Rear Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet, except where abutting an alley/street, then twenty-five (25) feet.
 - c. Side Yard - Not less than ten (10) feet, except where abutting a street, then twenty-five (25) feet.

F. Height

The maximum height of buildings hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

1. As permitted or required in the R-1 District;
2. Multi-family dwellings, townhouses, garden apartments, and apartment buildings shall not exceed sixty (60) feet in height.

G. Lot Area

The minimum lot area for every building hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

1. Single and two-family dwellings - as permitted in R-1 and R-2 Districts;
2. Multiple-family dwelling - not less than six hundred (600) square feet per dwelling unit or apartment and a width at the building lines of not less than one hundred fifty (150) feet.
3. Town Houses - not less than twelve hundred (1,200) square feet per unit and width at the building line of not less than seventy-five (75) feet for a row dwelling containing three (3) or more dwelling units, but not to exceed six (6). If a row dwelling is arranged, designed, or intended to be sold or owned in separate ownership between party walls, the minimum width of lot between centerlines of party walls shall be sixteen (16) feet and the seventy-five (75) foot minimum width of total site frontage shall apply for the entire structure. The minimum size lot for a row

dwelling structure shall be seven thousand (7,000) square feet per unit.

4. Church and similar place of worship - as required in the R-1 District.
5. Public or private school - as required in the R-1 District.
6. Non-residential buildings - as required in the C District.

H. Percentage of Lot Coverage

All buildings, including accessory uses, except multi-family dwellings shall cover not more than thirty-five (35) percent of the area of the lot. Multi-family dwellings shall cover not more than forty (40) percent of the area of the lot.

I. Dwelling Standards

1. Single and two-family dwellings - as permitted in R-1 and R-2 Districts.
2. Each townhouse dwelling unit shall have a total minimum floor area of not less than one thousand (1,000) square feet.
3. Each dwelling unit in a multi-family structure (apartment) shall have a minimum floor area of not less than six hundred (600) square feet.
4. All non-residential structures hereafter erected or altered shall have a total minimum floor area of not less than fifteen hundred (1,500) square feet.

J. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

Shall be provided as required or permitted under this Ordinance.

K. Site Plan Requirements

All buildings shall comply with the site plan requirements as outlined in Article IV, Section 405 of this Ordinance.

SECTION 504 "C" COMMERCIAL DISTRICT

The "C" Commercial District is intended for the conduct of general business to which the public requires direct and frequent access, but which is not characterized either by constant heavy trucking other than stocking and delivery of light retail goods or by any other nuisance except those created by human interaction and passenger vehicles. This includes such uses as retail stores, theaters and other amusement enterprises,

business offices, newspaper offices and printing presses, restaurants, taverns, and community garages or community parking areas subject to special regulations. Uses which would substantially interfere with the development or continuation of the commercial structures and uses in the district are restricted.

A. Permitted Uses

1. Administrative offices for commercial and industrial organization;
2. Amusement establishment, including bowling alleys, dance halls, similar place of recreation when conducted wholly within a completely enclosed building;
3. Auto accessory store, automobile and truck sales and incidental service;
4. Bakery shop, including the baking and processing of food products;
5. Bank, financial institution, savings and loan association, drive-in or main office;
6. Barber shop, beauty shop;
7. Blueprinting, photostating establishment;
8. Business, charitable, professional offices;
9. Bus passenger terminal;
10. Cabinet shop;
11. Camera and photographic supply shop, retail sales and service;
12. Car wash;
13. Day Care facilities;
14. Department store;
15. Dry-cleaning or pressing establishment, when employing facilities for the cleaning or pressing of dry goods received on the premises from retail trade only and including no wholesale cleaning or pressing business and when using nonflammable solvents as approved by the fire department;
16. Dry goods store, haberdashery, wearing apparel store;
17. Electrical appliances store, sales, service, repair, but excluding appliance assembly or

- manufacture;
- 18. Food stores;
- 19. Forestry;
- 20. Funeral home, mortuary;
- 21. Furniture store, upholstery shop;
- 22. Furrier, conducted as a retail operation for trade on the premises only;
- 23. Garden supplies, seed store, nursery;
- 24. Health club;
- 25. Hotel, motor hotel, motel, club or restaurant;
- 26. Household appliance store, sales and service;
- 27. Interior decorating business, including upholstering and making of draperies, slip covers and similar articles when conducted as a part of the retail operations and secondary to the main use;
- 28. Jewelry store;
- 29. Medical Clinic, hospital, or nursing home;
- 30. Office, business or professional;
- 31. Paint, wallpaper sales;
- 32. Photographers studio, art gallery, including the developing of film when conducted as a part of the retail business on the premises;
- 33. Plumbing, heating, similar business showroom including shop or repair facilities; provided that work is carried out and storage is accommodated in an enclosed building;
- 34. Post Office;
- 35. Printing Shop;
- 36. Restaurant, cafeteria and snack bar, including the sale of alcoholic beverages;
- 37. Service station, public garage, or other motor vehicle services, provided no repair work is performed outdoors, provided all pumps, underground storage tanks, lubricating and other devices are located not less than twenty-five (25) feet from any street right-of-way, provided

all fuel, oil or similar substances are stored inside or underground, and provided all automobile parts, dismantled vehicles, and similar articles are stored within a building;

- 38. Shoe store;
- 39. Shopping center;
- 40. Sporting good store;
- 41. Theater, indoor;
- 42. Travel agency;
- 43. Typewriter, office equipment sales and services;
- 44. Variety store;
- 45. Similar type retail or service use not specifically listed herein when authorized by the Zoning Hearing Board.

B. Accessory Uses

Accessory uses customarily incidental to any of the above uses, and including:

1. Off-street parking and loading facilities, as regulated in this Ordinance;
2. Fence or a metal wall not over six (6) feet in height;
3. Sign as regulated in this Ordinance;
4. Cultivation of plants, non-commercial, where used for landscaping or buffer areas;
5. Satellite dishes and antennas

C. Uses by Special Exception

1. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas.

D. Non-Permitted Uses

1. Residential;
2. Industrial; and
3. Mining and Mineral Extraction.

E. Set Back

1. No building shall hereafter be erected or altered unless the minimum set-back is met as follows:
 - a. Front - thirty (30) feet
 - b. Rear - twenty-five (25) feet
 - c. Side - ten (10) feet
2. Where a commercial structure is proposed adjacent to a residential area the following setback specifications will be met:
 - a. Front - fifty (50) feet
 - b. Side - twenty-five (25) feet
 - c. Rear - fifty (50) feet
 - d. Buffer Area - ten (10) feet, which includes landscaping, abutting R District

Note: Buffer area is located within setback dimensions.

F. Height

The maximum height of buildings hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

All buildings shall be a maximum height of thirty-five (35) feet.

G. Lot Area

The minimum lot area for all commercial buildings hereafter erected or altered shall be seventy-five hundred (7,500) square feet and a minimum width at the building line of fifty (50) feet.

H. Percentage of Lot Coverage

1. All buildings shall cover not more than forty (40) percent of the lot area.
2. All buildings plus accessory uses including parking shall cover not more than sixty (60) percent of the lot area.

I. Floor Area Standards

Every one-story structure hereafter erected or altered shall have a total floor area of not less than one thousand (1,000) square feet.

J. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

Shall be provided as required under this Ordinance.

K. Signs

Shall be provided as required under this Ordinance.

L. Site Plan Requirements

All buildings shall comply with the site plan requirements as outlined in Article IV, Section 405 of this Ordinance.

SECTION 505 "I" INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

The "I" Industrial District is intended to permit and encourage industrial development that will be so located and designed as to constitute a harmonious and appropriate part of the physical development of the Municipality, contribute to the soundness of the economic base of the Municipality, provide opportunities for local employment close to residential areas, thus reducing travel to and from work, and otherwise further the purposes set forth in the initial paragraphs of this Ordinance. The limitations on use, height, and lot coverage are intended to provide for modern light industrial development in an urban environment. Residential and general commercial uses are considered not compatible and are prohibited, as well as any use which would substantially interfere with the development or continuation of the industrial uses and structures in the district.

A. Permitted Uses

In this district, the land and structures may be used, and structures may be erected, altered, enlarged and maintained for light industrial uses listed hereunder, provided:

1. No explosive materials or processes are involved.
2. No smoke, fumes, odor, dust, noise, vibration or glaring light is noticeable from outside any lot in this district.
3. The use is not offensive by reason of emission of refuse matter or water-carried waste.
4. There may be retail sale of products on the premises, when such sale is clearly incidental to the permitted industrial use.

Various light industrial and distributive uses including fabricating, assembly, storage, parking and other space uses incidental to the following:

Food and kindred products
Apparel and other products
Lumber and wood products
Research and development organizations
Forestry
Storage Yards
Furniture and fixtures
Paper and allied products
Printing and publishing
Plastic materials and synthetics
Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products
Leather and leather products
Stone, clay and glass products
Fabricated metal products
Non-electrical machinery

Electrical equipment
Transportation equipment
Trucking and warehousing
Wholesale trade

Any other compatible type of light industrial use not specifically listed herein when authorized by the Zoning Hearing Board.

B. Accessory Uses

1. A single mobile home used as a dwelling for a watchman of an industry on same site provided lot size is two (2) acres or more and mobile home is connected to public water and either public sewers or approved on-lot system. The minimum floor area shall be four hundred (400) square feet and shall not exceed seven hundred (700) square feet.
2. Satellite dishes and antennas.
3. Accessory use of building customarily incidental to the above uses and as regulated by this Ordinance.

C. Use by Special Exception

1. Junk yards;
2. Mining and Mineral Excavating;
3. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas.

D. Non-Permitted Uses

1. Farming;
2. Residential dwellings;
3. Commercial establishments.

E. Set Back

1. No building shall be hereafter erected or altered unless the minimum set back is met as follows:
 - a. Front - seventy-five (75) feet
 - b. Side - twenty-five (25) feet
 - c. Rear - fifty (50) feet

If proposed structure is to be adjacent to a Residential District, a buffer area of ten (10) feet shall be added to the aforementioned setback adjacent to that Residential District.

For construction of a new structure adjacent to a railroad, no setback standards are required.

F. Height

The maximum height of buildings hereafter erected or altered shall be as follows:

All buildings shall be a maximum of forty-five (45) feet or three (3) stories.

The height of any accessory apparatus for newly erected or altered buildings shall not exceed seventy-five (75) feet.

G. Lot Area

The minimum lot size for all industrial buildings hereafter erected or altered shall be one (1) acre with a minimum width at building line of one hundred fifty (150) feet.

H. Percentage of Lot Coverage

The building area shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the lot area and no more than twenty-five percent (25%) shall be used (excluding the building area) for paving.

I. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

All parking shall be provided as required in this Ordinance.

J. Signs

Shall be provided as required in this Ordinance.

K. Special Conditions

In addition to the site plan requirements under Article IV, any other authority approval required, when applicable, such as Department of Health, PennDOT, Department of Environmental Protection, Department of Labor and Industry, and similar organizations shall be obtained before applying for zoning approval or an occupancy permit. Said authorizations shall accompany plans at the time they are submitted to the Municipality for review.

SECTION 506 "FP" FLOOD PLAIN DISTRICT

The Flood Plain District is designed as a sub-zone or overlay district within any given zoning district. The recognition of a Flood Plain District on the Zoning Map serves to minimize loss of life and health and damage to public and private property due to recurring or severe flooding. The Flood Plain

District also provides notices to prospective developers that flooding may be expected in the area.

The identified Flood Plain District shall be any area of the Municipality, subject to the one hundred (100) year flood, which is identified as Zone A (Area of Special Flood Hazard) on the most recent Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM) as issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or on the most recent Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) issued by FEMA, if such a map has been prepared for the Municipality.

A. Flood Elevation Determination

For the purposes of this Ordinance, the one hundred (100) year flood elevation shall be used as the basis for regulation. To determine the one hundred year flood elevation, the elevation at a given point on the boundary of the identified flood plain area which is nearest the construction site in question will be used. In helping to make this necessary elevation determination, other sources of data, where available, shall be used such as:

1. Corps of Engineers - Flood Plain Information Reports
2. U.S. Geological Survey - Flood Prone Quadrangles
3. U.S.D.A., Soil Conservation Service - County Soil Surveys (Alluvial Soils) or P.L. 566 Flood Information
4. Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources - Flood Control Investigations
5. Known Highwater Marks from Past Floods
6. Other Sources

In lieu of the above, the Municipality may require the applicant to determine the elevation with hydrologic and hydraulic engineering techniques. Hydrologic and hydraulic analyses shall be undertaken only by professional engineers or others of demonstrated qualifications, who shall certify that the technical methods used correctly reflect currently accepted technical concepts. Studies, analyses, computations, etc., shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow a thorough technical review by the Municipality.

B. Changes in Identification of Area

The identified floodplain area may be revised or modified by the Municipality where studies or information provided by a qualified agency or person documents the need for such revision. However, prior to any such change, approval must be obtained from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

C. Boundary Disputes

Should a dispute concerning any identified flood plain boundary arise, an initial determination shall be made by the Municipal Planning Agency and any party aggrieved by this decision may appeal to the Municipality. The burden of proof shall be on the appellant.

D. General Technical Requirements

1. In the identified flood plain area, the development and/or use of any land shall be permitted provided that the development and/or use complies with the restrictions and requirements of this and all other applicable codes and ordinances in force in the Municipality. (Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance)
2. Within any identified flood plain area, no new construction or development shall be located within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse, unless a permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Dams and Waterway Management.
3. Within any identified flood plain area, the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) of any new or substantially improved residential structure shall be one and one half (1-1/2) feet or more above the one hundred (100) year flood elevation.
4. Within any identified flood plain area, the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) of any new or substantially improved non-residential structure shall be one and one half (1-1/2) feet or more above the one hundred (100) year flood elevation or be flood-proofed up to that height.

Any non-residential structure, or part thereof, which will not be completely or adequately elevated, shall be flood-proofed in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance. Additional information may be obtained from the publication entitled, "Flood-Proofing Regulations" (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, June 1972).

E. Design and Construction Standards

The minimum standards for all construction and development proposed within any identified flood plain area provided in the Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance.

F. Development Which May Endanger Human Life

In accordance with the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act, and the regulations adopted by the Department of Community and Economic Development as

required by the Act, any new or substantially improved structure which:

- ◆ will be used for the production or storage of any of the following dangerous materials or substances; or,
- ◆ will be used for any activity requiring the maintenance of a supply of more than 550 gallons, or other comparable volume, of any of the following dangerous materials or substances on the premises; or
- ◆ will involve the production, storage, or use of any amount of radioactive substances;

shall be prohibited from development within any identified flood plain area. The following list of materials and substances are considered dangerous to human life:

Acetone
Ammonia
Benzene
Calcium carbide
Carbon disulfide
Celluloid
Chlorine
Hydrochloric acid
Hydrocyanic acid
Magnesium
Nitric acid and oxides of nitrogen
Petroleum products (gasoline, fuel oil, etc.)
Phosphorus
Potassium
Sodium
Sulphur and sulphur products
Pesticides (including insecticides, fungicides and rodenticides)
Radioactive substances, insofar as such substances are not otherwise regulated.

G. Special Requirements for Mobile Homes

Shall be required as provided in the Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance.

H. Activities Requiring Special Permits

The following activities shall be prohibited within any identified flood plain area unless a Special Permit has been issued by the Municipality as provided in the Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance:

1. Hospitals;
2. Nursing Homes;
3. Jails or Prisons; and

4. Mobile Home Parks.

Application requirements, review procedures, and special technical requirements are contained within the municipal Flood Plain Ordinance regarding the above-mentioned activities.

I. Existing Structures in Identified Flood Plain Areas

1. Existing Structures

The provisions of this Ordinance do not require any changes or improvements to be made to lawfully existing structures. However, when an improvement is made to any existing structure, the following provisions shall apply.

2. Improvements

The following provisions shall apply whenever any improvement is made to an existing structure located within any identified flood plain area:

Any modification, alteration, reconstruction, or improvement, of any kind to an existing structure, to an extent or amount of fifty (50) percent or more of its market value, shall constitute a substantial improvement and shall be undertaken only in full compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance and the Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance.

J. Variances

Requests for variances shall be considered by the Municipality in accordance with the procedures contained in the Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance.

SECTION 507 "A" AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT

The purpose of the Agricultural District is to identify those areas where agricultural activities should be encouraged or preserved and for providing for uses and development as are compatible with this objective.

A. Permitted Uses

1. Agriculture;
2. Horticulture;
3. Animal husbandry;
4. Forestry and Selective Timbering;
5. Stables;
6. Kennels;
7. Hatcheries;
8. Greenhouses;
9. Nurseries;

10. Sales of "Home Grown" Products;
11. One-family Residences; and
12. Home-Based Business.

B. Accessory Uses

1. As permitted in the R-1 One-Family Residential District.

C. Uses by Special Exception

1. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas.

D. Non-Permitted Uses

1. Surface Mining and Mineral Extraction;
2. Deep Mining;
3. Mobile Home Parks.

E. Setback

All setbacks -- 50 feet

F. Height

1. One family dwellings - thirty-five (35) feet
2. Agriculture structures - 60 feet or 6 stories

G. Lot Area

The minimum lot area for every building hereafter erected or altered shall be five (5) acres.

H. Percentage of Lot Coverage

As permitted in R-1 One-Family Residential District.

I. Dwelling Standards

As permitted in R-1 One-Family Residential District.

J. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

Shall be provided as required in this Ordinance.

K. Special Conditions

On any lot traversed by an intermittent and/or a permanent watercourse, i.e., stream, lake, pond, etc., no building or structure shall be erected within one hundred and fifty (150) feet of the waterway. Nor shall any building or structure be erected upon slopes in

excess of 25% grade unless the architectural design conforms to the landscape in a manner minimizing site preparation and excavation work.

SECTION 508 "S" CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

The "S" Conservancy District is intended to encourage the conservation of steep hillside land within the Municipality, where the economics of building and supplying public services and facilities argue against the more usual type of building development; and where only excessive expenditures for grading the land will make building development feasible; to prohibit commercial and industrial uses of land, and also residential use, except under special conditions relating to the availability of public facilities; and to discourage any use when its character or location within the district would create requirements and costs for public facilities, such as water supply and sewerage service substantially in excess of such requirements and costs in areas of less steep topography. All public water supply reservoirs and their approximate watershed areas are also included in this district, regardless of slope, so as to prevent erosion, sedimentation, and other contamination of the water supply.

A. Permitted Uses

1. Farming, forestry, general gardening, and growing of trees and nursery stock;
2. Recreation area, when operated by a non-profit organization;
3. Tourist attractions and historic or culturally significant areas, when operated by a non-profit organization;
4. Public reservoirs and their associated watersheds; and
5. Home-based business.

B. Accessory Uses

As authorized by the Zoning Hearing Board

C. Uses by Special Exception

1. One-family dwellings; and
2. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas.

D. Non-Permitted Uses

1. Industrial Uses;
2. Surface Mining and Mineral Extraction;

3. Commercial Uses

E. Setback

All setbacks - 50 feet

F. Height

1. One-family detached dwelling -thirty-five (35) feet
2. Agricultural structures - sixty (60) feet
3. Accessory Building - twenty (20) feet
4. Any other permitted building - thirty five (35) feet

G. Lot Area

The minimum lot area for every building hereafter erected or altered shall be two (2) acres.

H. Percentage of Lot Coverage

All buildings, including accessory uses, shall cover not more than ten (10) percent of the area of the lot.

I. Dwelling Standards

As permitted in R-1 One-Family Residential District

J. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

Shall be provided as required in this Ordinance.

K. Special Conditions

On any lot traversed by an intermittent and/or a permanent watercourse, i.e., stream, lake, pond, etc., no building or structure shall be erected within one hundred and fifty (150) feet of the waterway. Nor shall any building or structure be erected upon slopes in excess of 25% grade unless the architectural design conforms to the landscape in a manner minimizing site preparation and excavation work.

ARTICLE VI

PLANNED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS

SECTION 601 PURPOSE

The purpose of Planning Residential Development is to encourage innovations in residential and non-residential development and renewal so that the growing demand for housing and other development may be met by greater variety in type, design and layout of dwellings and other buildings and structures and by the conservation and more efficient use of open space ancillary to said dwellings and uses; so that greater opportunities for better housing and recreation may extend to all citizens and residents of the municipalities; and in order to encourage a more efficient use of land and of public services and to reflect changes in the technology of land development so that economies secured may work to the benefit of those who need homes and for other uses; and, in aid of these purposes, to provide a procedure which can relate the type, design, and layout of residential and non-residential development to the particular site and the particular demand for housing existing at the time of development in a manner consistent with the preservation of the property values within existing residential and non-residential areas, and to insure that the increased flexibility of regulations over land development authorized herein is carried out under such administrative standards and procedures as shall encourage the disposition of proposals for land development without undue delay.

SECTION 602 GRANT OF POWER

The governing body of the municipality may enact, amend and repeal provisions within a zoning ordinance fixing standards and conditions for planned residential development. The enactment of such provisions shall be in accordance with the procedures required for the enactment of an amendment of a zoning ordinance as provided in Article VI of Act 247. Pursuant to such provisions the governing body may approve, modify or disapprove any development plan within the municipality adopting such provisions or designate the planning agency as its official agency for such purposes. Such provisions shall:

- A. The Municipality (or Planning Agency) shall administer Planned Residential Development provisions subject to the provisions set forth in this Ordinance and as provided by Article VII, PA Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 as amended.
- B. The standards, conditions, and regulations for a Planned Residential Development shall be consistent with the provisions contained in Article VII, PA Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 as amended.
- C. The procedures pertaining to the application for, hearing on, and tentative and final approval of a Planned Residential Development shall be consistent with the

provisions contained in Article VII, PA Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 as amended.

SECTION 603 APPLICABILITY OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND STATEMENT OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES

All provisions and all amendments thereto adopted pursuant to this Article shall be based on and interpreted in relation to the statement of community development objectives of the zoning ordinance and may be related to either the comprehensive plan for the development of the municipality prepared under the provisions of Act 247 or a statement of legislative findings in accordance with Section 606 of the Act. Every application for approval of a planned residential development either shall be based on and interpreted in relation to the statement of community development objectives, and may be related to the comprehensive plan, or shall be based on and interpreted in relation to the statement of legislative findings.

SECTION 604 STANDARDS AND CONDITIONS

- A. A Planned Residential Development may be permitted by the Municipality in a R-2 Residential District subject to the requirements set forth in this Ordinance and as provided by Article VII, Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 as amended.

1. Minimum Lot Size

The minimum lot size for any planned residential development shall be twenty (20) acres.

2. Permitted Uses

- a. Single-family detached dwellings.
- b. Two-family detached dwellings.
- c. Multiple row dwellings, townhouses, and garden apartments with a maximum of eight (8) units per building.
- d. Multi-story apartments not to exceed sixty (60) feet above ground in height.
- e. Community buildings which are for the social, cultural, or recreational use of the residents of the development.
- f. Open space and recreation facilities developed and maintained principally for use of residents of the development.
- g. Certain non-residential uses such as buildings for convenience shopping and personal services provided that such uses along with required parking occupy

not more than ten percent (10%) of the total land area of the development.

3. Dwelling Standards

Each dwelling unit in a Planned Residential Development shall have a minimum floor area of not less than six hundred (600) square feet.

4. Density

The dwelling unit density shall conform to the following:

- a. Single family - five (5) units per acre.
- b. Two-family - ten (10) units per acre.
- c. Row dwelling - fifteen (15) units per acre.
- d. Multi-story dwellings - twenty-nine (29) units per acre.
- e. For mixed types of structures the overall density may not exceed twelve (12) units per acre.

5. Public Open Space Required

At least two hundred fifty (250) square feet per family unit shall be set aside and maintained for an outdoor recreation area by the owner of the development, his successors and assigns, of which a one hundred (100) square foot unit shall be developed with recreation equipment and playground area. In lieu of maintenance by the developer, an association of homeowners in the development may provide such maintenance, but documents creating such an association shall be approved by the Municipal solicitor before final approval is given for the Planned Residential Development. Should neither the developer nor an approved homeowners association maintain the public open space required in this subsection, then the Municipality shall have the option to maintain the public open space and, if it chooses to do so, impose a lien on the individual properties in the development to collect the costs of such maintenance.

6. Setback Requirements and Minimum Distance Between Buildings

Setback

The setback requirements for all buildings erected in a Planned Residential Development shall be as follows:

- a. A minimum setback of seventy (70) feet shall be observed around the entire perimeter of tract or lot used for the Planned Residential Development. No main or accessory building may be erected within the setback area. However, outdoor recreation facilities and parking lots may be constructed in the area provided that they are a minimum of forty (40) feet from the perimeter lot lines.
- b. A front yard setback of thirty-five (35) feet shall be observed for all buildings erected adjacent to streets within the Planned Residential Development.

Minimum Distance Between Buildings

When more than one multiple-family dwelling building is erected on a single site, lot, or tract, the minimum distances between buildings shall be as follows:

- a. Front to front - seventy (70) feet; front to rear - sixty (60) feet.
- b. Side to side - one-half (1/2) of the height of the tallest building but not less than twenty-five (25) feet.
- c. Front to side or rear to side - the height of the tallest building but not less than thirty-five (35) feet.
- d. Rear to rear - fifty (50) feet.

7. Percentage of Lot Coverage

All buildings including accessory buildings shall cover not more than forty percent (40%) of the area of the lot or tract.

- B. The developer or owner of any Planned Residential Development shall be responsible for the engineering, construction, installation, and maintenance of site improvements as follows:

1. Engineering Site Plan Required

An engineering site plan shall be prepared by a registered architect, professional engineer, or registered surveyor and filed with the Municipality prior to the start of any construction of an approved Planned Residential Development. The site plan shall be drawn at a minimum scale of one inch equals fifty feet (1" = 50') and shall indicate the exact location and dimensions of all buildings, streets, sidewalks, roads, parking areas, water lines, sanitary sewer lines, telephone lines, recreation areas, landscaping, walls, fences, right-of-way lines, property lines, and

any other features to be constructed or installed on the site. A topographic map shall be prepared at a minimum scale of one inch equals fifty feet (1" = 50') with a minimum contour interval of five (5) feet and shall indicate all existing and final grades for the site; spot elevations shall be indicated for streets, storm and sanitary sewers, and other elevation features as deemed appropriate and necessary by the Municipality.

2. Perimeter Survey

A perimeter survey of the parcel to be developed as a Planned Residential Development shall be prepared by a registered surveyor. Permanent concrete markers, with a minimum standard of six by six by thirty inch (6" x 6" x 30") with a copper rod, shall be installed on all corners around the perimeter of the site. The survey shall tie directly into adjoining property.

3. Street Paving

The engineering, construction, installation, and maintenance of all streets within the Planned Residential Development shall be the sole responsibility of the developers and shall be in accord with minimum standards as set forth in the Municipality's Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, or by the Municipality.

4. Street Signs and Street Lights

Street signs and street lights shall be installed and maintained by the developer as required by the Municipal Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, or by the Municipality.

5. Water Requirements

If water is to be provided by means other than by private wells owned and maintained by the individual owners of lots within the Planned Residential Development, the developer shall present evidence to the Municipality that the Planned Residential Development is to be supplied by a certified public utility, a bona fide cooperative association of lot owners, or by a municipal corporation, authority, or utility.

6. Water Lines and Fire Plugs

The installation of all water lines including fire plugs shall be in accord with requirements and specifications of the local water company or authority. Detailed engineering plans and specifications shall be filed with both the Municipality and the local water company or authority.

7. Sanitary Sewers

The installation of all sanitary sewers (if applicable) shall be in accord with plans and specifications submitted to and approved by the local sewer company or authority.

8. Storm Sewers

The installation of a storm sewer system shall be in accord with plans and specifications filed with and approved by the Municipality. The storm sewer system shall also be compatible to or in accord with any County-wide Storm Water Management Plan (if applicable).

9. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities

Shall be provided as required or permitted under this Ordinance.

SECTION 605 ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION

- A. To further the mutual interest of the residents of the Planned Residential Development and of the public in the preservation of the integrity of the development plan, as finally approved, and to insure that modifications, if any, in the development plan shall not impair the reasonable reliance of the said residents upon the provisions of the development plan, nor results in changes that would adversely affect the public interest, the enforcement and modification of the provisions of the development plan as finally approved, whether those are recorded by plat, covenant, easement or otherwise shall be subject to the following provisions:
- B. The provisions of the development plan relating to:
1. the use, bulk and location of buildings and structures;
 2. the quantity and location of common open space, except as otherwise provided in this article; and
 3. the intensity of use or the density of residential units shall run in favor of the Municipality and shall be enforceable in law or in equity by the Municipality, without limitation on any powers of regulation otherwise granted the Municipality by law.
- B. All provisions of the development plan shall run in favor of the residents of the Planned Residential Development but only to the extent expressly provided in the development plan and in accordance with the terms of the development plan, and to that extent said provisions,

whether recorded by plat, covenant, easement or otherwise, may be enforced at law or equity by said residents acting individually, jointly, or through an organization designated in the development plan to act on their behalf; provided, however, that no provisions of the development plan shall be implied to exist in favor of residents of the Planned Residential Development except as to those portions of the development plan which have been finally approved and have been recorded.

C. All those provisions of the development plan authorized to be enforced by the Municipality under this section may be modified, removed, or released by the Municipality, except grants or easements relating to the service or equipment of a public utility, subject to the following conditions:

1. No such modification, removal or release of the provisions of the development plan by the Municipality shall affect the rights of the residents of the Planned Residential Development to maintain and enforce those provisions, at law or equity, as provided in this section.
2. No modification, removal, or release of the provisions of the development plan by the Municipality shall be permitted except upon a finding by the governing body or the planning agency, following a public hearing thereon pursuant to public notice called and held in accordance with the provisions of this article, that the same is consistent with the efficient development and preservation of the entire Planned Residential Development, does not adversely affect either the enjoyment of land abutting upon or across the street from the Planned Residential Development or the public interest, and is not granted solely to confer a special benefit upon any person.

D. Residents of the Planned Residential Development may, to the extent and in the manner expressly authorized by the provisions of the development plan, modify, remove or release their rights to enforce the provisions of the development plan but no such action shall affect the right of the Municipality to enforce the provisions of the development plan in accordance with the provisions of this section.

SECTION 606 APPLICATION FOR TENTATIVE APPROVAL

- A. An application for tentative approval of the development plan for a Planned Residential Development shall be filed by or on behalf of the landowner.
- B. The application for tentative approval shall be filed by the landowner on such form as provided by the Municipality.

- C. All planning, zoning, and subdivision matters relating to the platting, use, and development of the Planned Residential Development and subsequent modifications of the regulations relating thereto, to the extent such modification is vested in the Municipality, shall be determined and established by the governing body or the planning agency, if designated by the Governing Body.
- D. The provisions shall require only such information in the application as is reasonably necessary to disclose to the governing body or the planning agency:
1. the location, size and topography of the site and the nature of the landowner' interest in the land proposed to be developed;
 2. the density of land use to be allocated to parts of the site to be developed;
 3. the location and size of the common open space and the form of organization proposed to own and maintain the common open space;
 4. the use and the approximate height, bulk, and location of buildings and other structures;
 5. the feasibility of proposals for water supply and the disposition of sanitary waste and storm water;
 6. the substance of covenants, grants of easements or other restrictions proposed to be imposed upon the use of the land, buildings, and structures including proposed easements or grants for public utilities;
 7. the provisions for parking of vehicles and the location and width of proposed streets and public ways;
 8. the required modification in the municipal land use regulations otherwise applicable to the subject property;
 9. the feasibility of proposals for energy conservation and the effective utilization of renewable energy sources; and
 10. in the case of development plans which call for development over a period of years, a schedule showing the proposed times within which applications for final approval of all sections of the Planned Residential Development are intended to be filed and this schedule must be updated annually, on the anniversary of its approval, until the development is completed and accepted.
- E. The application for tentative approval of a Planned Residential Development shall include a written statement

by the landowner setting forth the reasons why, in his opinion, a Planned Residential Development would be in the public interest and would be consistent with the comprehensive plan or community development objectives of the Municipality.

- F. The application for and tentative and final approval of a development plan for a Planned Residential Development described in this article shall be in lieu of all other procedures or approvals, otherwise required pursuant to Articles V and VI of the PA Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 as amended.

SECTION 607 PUBLIC HEARINGS

- A. Within 60 days after the filing of an application for tentative approval of a planned residential development pursuant to this article, a public hearing pursuant to public notice on said application shall be held by the governing body or the planning agency, if designated, in the manner prescribed in Article IX of Act 247 as amended.
- B. The governing body or the planning agency may continue the hearing from time to time, and where applicable, may refer the matter back to the planning agency for a report, however, that in any event, the public hearing or hearings shall be concluded within 60 days after the date of the first public hearing.
- C. The municipality may offer a mediation option as an aid in completing proceedings authorized by this section and by subsequent sections in this article prior to final approval by the governing body. In exercising such an option, the municipality and mediating parties shall meet the stipulations and follow the procedures set forth in Article IV of Act 247.

SECTION 608 THE FINDINGS

- A. The governing body, or the planning agency, within 60 days following the conclusion of the public hearing provided for in this article or within 180 days after the date of filing of the application, whichever occurs first, shall, by official written communication, to the landowner, either:
 - 1. grant tentative approval of the development plan as submitted;
 - 2. grant tentative approval subject to specified conditions not included in the development plan as submitted; or
 - 3. deny tentative approval to the development plan.

Failure to so act within said period shall be deemed to be a grant of tentative approval of the development plan as submitted. In the event, however, that tentative approval is granted subject to conditions, the landowner may, within 30 days after receiving a copy of the official written communication of the governing body notify such governing body of this refusal to accept all said conditions, in which case, the governing body shall be deemed to have denied tentative approval of the development plan. In the event the landowner does not, within said period, notify the governing body of his refusal to accept all said conditions, tentative approval of the development plan, with all said conditions, shall stand as granted.

- B. The grant or denial of tentative approval by official written communication shall include not only conclusions but also findings of fact related to the specific proposal and shall set forth the reasons for the grant, with or without conditions, or for the denial, and said communication shall set forth with particularity in what respects the development plan would or would not be in the public interest, including, but not limited to, findings of fact and conclusions on the following:
1. in those respects in which the development plan is or is not consistent with the comprehensive plan for the development of the municipality;
 2. the extent to which the development plan departs from zoning and subdivision regulations otherwise applicable to the subject property, including but not limited to density, bulk and use, and the reasons why such departures are or are not deemed to be in the public interest;
 3. the purpose, location and amount of the common open space in the planned residential development, the reliability of the proposals for maintenance and conservation of the common open space, and the adequacy or inadequacy of the amount and purpose of the common open space as related to the proposed density and type of residential development;
 4. the physical design of the development plan and the manner in which said design does or does not make adequate provisions for public service, provide adequate control over vehicular traffic, and further the amenities of light and air, recreation, and visual enjoyment;
 5. the relationship, beneficial or adverse, of the proposed planned residential development to the neighborhood in which it is proposed to be established; and

6. in the case of a development plan which proposes development over a period of years, the sufficiency of the terms and conditions intended to protect the interests of the public and of the residents of the planned residential development in the integrity of the development plan.

C. In the event a development plan is granted tentative approval, with or without conditions, the governing body may set forth in the official written communication the time within which an application for final approval of the development plan shall be filed or, in the case of a development plan which provides for development over a period of years, the periods of time within which applications for final approval of each part thereof shall be filed. Except upon the consent of the landowner, the time so established between grant of tentative approval and an application for final approval shall not be less than three months and, in the case of developments over a period of years, the time between applications for final approval of each part of a plan shall be not less than 12 months.

SECTION 609 STATUS OF PLAN AFTER TENTATIVE APPROVAL

A. The official written communication provided for in this article shall be certified by the municipal secretary or clerk of the governing body and shall be filed in his office, and a certified copy shall be mailed to the landowner. Where tentative approval has been granted, it shall be deemed an amendment to the zoning map, effective upon final approval, and shall be noted on the zoning map.

B. Tentative approval of a development plan shall not qualify a plat of the planned residential development for recording nor authorize development or the issuance of any building permits. A development plan which has been given tentative approval as submitted, or which has been given tentative approval with conditions which have been accepted by the landowner (and provided that the landowner has not defaulted nor violated any of the conditions of the tentative approval), shall not be modified or revoked nor otherwise impaired by action of the municipality pending an application or applications for final approval, without the consent of the landowner, provided an application or applications for final approval is filed or, in the case of development over a period of years, provided applications are filed, within the periods of time specified in the official written communication granting tentative approval.

C. In the event that a development plan is given tentative approval and thereafter, but prior to final approval, the landowner shall elect to abandon said development plan and shall so notify the governing body in writing, or in the event the landowner shall fail to file application or

applications for final approval within the required period of time or times, as the case may be, the tentative approval shall be deemed to be revoked and all that portion of the area included in the development plan for which final approval has not been given shall be subject to those local ordinances otherwise applicable thereto as they may be amended from time to time, and the same shall be noted on the zoning map and in the records of the municipal secretary or clerk of the municipality.

SECTION 610 APPLICATION FOR FINAL APPROVAL

- A. An application for final approval may be for all the land included in a development plan or, to the extent set forth in the tentative approval, for a section thereof. Said application shall be made to the official of the municipality designated by the ordinance and within the time or times specified by the official written communication granting tentative approval. The application shall include any drawings, specifications, covenants, easements, performance bond and such other requirements as may be specified by ordinance, as well as any conditions set forth in the official written communication at the time of tentative approval. A public hearing on an application for final approval of the development plan, or part thereof, shall not be required provided the development plan, or the part thereof, submitted for final approval, is in compliance with the development plan theretofore given tentative approval and with any specified conditions attached thereto.
- B. In the event the application for final approval has been filed, together with all drawings, specifications, and other documents in support thereof, and as required by the ordinance and the official written communication of tentative approval, the municipality shall, within 45 days from the date of the regular meeting of the governing body or the planning agency, whichever first reviews the application, next following the date the application is filed, grant such development plan final approval. Provided, however, that should the next regular meeting occur more than 30 days following the filing of the application, the 45-day period shall be measured from the 30th day following the day the application has been filed.
- C. In the event the development plan as submitted contains variations from the development plan given tentative approval, the approving body may refuse to grant final approval and shall, within 45 days from the date of the regular meeting of the governing body or the planning agency, whichever first reviews the application, next following the date the application is filed, so advise the landowner in writing of said refusal, setting forth in said notice the reasons why one or more of said variations are not in the public interest. Provided,

however, that should the next regular meeting occur more than 30 days following the filing of the application, the 45-day period shall be measured from the 30th day following the day the application has been filed. In the event of such refusal, the landowner may either:

1. refile his application for final approval without the variations objected; or
2. file a written request with the approving body that it hold a public hearing on his application for final approval.

If the landowner wishes to take either such alternate action he may do so at any time within which he shall be entitled to apply for final approval, or within 30 additional days if the time for applying for final approval shall have already passed at the time when the landowner was advised that the development plan was not in substantial compliance. In the event the landowner shall fail to take either of these alternate actions within said time, he shall be deemed to have abandoned the development plan. Any such public hearing shall be held pursuant to public notice within 30 days after request for the hearing is made by the landowner, and the hearing shall be conducted in the manner described in this article for public hearings on applications for tentative approval. Within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing, the approving body shall by official written communication either grant final approval to the development plan or deny final approval. The grant or denial of final approval of the development plan shall, in cases arising under this section, be in the form and contain the findings required for an application for tentative approval set forth in this article. Failure of the governing body or agency to render a decision on an application for final approval and communicate it to the applicant within the time and in the manner required by this section shall be deemed an approval of the application for final approval, as presented, unless the applicant has agreed in writing to an extension of time or change in the prescribed manner of presentation of communication of the decision, in which case, failure to meet the extended time or change in manner of presentation of communication shall have like effect.

- D. A development plan, or any part thereof, which has been given final approval shall be so certified without delay by the approving body and shall be filed or record forthwith in the office of the Recorder of Deeds before any development shall take place in accordance therewith. Upon the filing of record of the development plan, the zoning and subdivision regulations otherwise applicable to the land included in such plan shall cease to apply thereto. Pending completion, in accordance with the time provisions stated in Section 508 of Act 247, of said planned residential development or of that part thereof,

as the case may be, that has been finally approved, no modification of the provisions of said development plan, or part thereof, as finally approved, shall be made except with the consent of the landowner. Upon approval of a final plat, the developer shall record the plat in accordance with the provisions of Section 513(a) of Act 247 and post financial security in accordance with Section 509 of Act 247.

- E. In the event that a development plan, or a section thereof, is given final approval and thereafter the landowner shall abandon such plan or the section thereof that has been finally approved, and shall so notify the approving body in writing; or, in the event the landowner shall fail to commence and carry out the planned residential development in accordance with the time provisions stated in Section 508 of Act 247 after final approval has been granted, no development or further development shall take place on the property included in the development plan until after the said property is reclassified by enactment of an amendment to the municipal zoning ordinance in the manner prescribed for such amendments in Article VI of Act 247 as amended.

ARTICLE VII
SIGNS

SECTION 701 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Any sign erected or altered after the effective date of this Ordinance shall be in accordance with the provisions and regulations contained in this Article.

- A. A building permit shall be required for any sign erected.
- B. All signs shall be constructed and maintained in a safe orderly manner. No sign shall be placed in such a position that it will cause danger to vehicular or pedestrian traffic by obscuring view or causing distraction.
- C. Any sign, if illuminated, shall be non-flashing, shall be of enclosed lamp design, and shall be lighted in a manner not detrimental to any adjacent property or public right-of-way.
- D. No sign, except traffic signs and other official signs, may be erected or extend onto any public street or right-of-way.
- E. Any sign attached to or painted on a building may protrude a maximum distance of six (6) inches from the wall to which it is attached, may cover a maximum of 25% of the total area of the wall to which it is attached, and shall not extend beyond any point of the line of the building to which the sign is attached.
- F. No sign that is a part of or is supported by a building shall be erected upon the roof of such a building.
- G. No sign structure erected directly upon the ground shall have less than three (3) feet of clear space between such sign and the ground, however, necessary supports may extend through such open space.
- H. No signs shall be permitted which are posted, stapled or otherwise permanently attached to public utility poles or trees within the street line, unless authorized by the Borough/Borough Council.
- I. Non-conforming signs, once removed, shall be replaced only with conforming signs; however, non-conforming signs may be repainted or repaired, providing such repainting or repairing does not exceed the dimensions of the existing sign.
- J. The Zoning Officer shall approve all signs and billboards erected pursuant to this Article.

SECTION 702 PROVISIONS FOR R-1, R-2, R-3, and A DISTRICTS

In residential districts and agricultural districts, the following signs shall be permitted and the following regulations shall apply:

- A. All signs erected in a residential zone shall be on premise signs and refer, advertise, or direct attention only to activities conducted on the site; except that a temporary directional sign may be erected for special events, if prior approval is granted by the owner of property on which the sign is to be erected under the same conditions provided for temporary promotional signs as provided in this Article.
- B. One temporary sign of contractors, realtors, architects, mechanics, and artisans provided that such signs shall not exceed six (6) square feet and shall be removed within thirty (30) days following completion of work. There shall be a ten (10') foot set back, or the minimum required for that zone, whichever is less.
- C. One (1) identification sign for each professional and accessory use indicating the name, profession, or activity of the occupant of a dwelling or structure and similar type signs provided that such signs do not exceed an area of two (2) square feet per occupant and are set back a minimum of ten (10) feet from the nearest property line.
- D. One (1) identification sign for motels, office buildings, churches, schools, restaurants, mobile home parks, funeral homes and other places of business permitted in respective residential zones provided that such signs shall not exceed an area of twenty-four (24) square feet and are set back a minimum distance of fifteen (15) feet from the nearest property line.
- E. A sign offering the sale of farm products, nursery products, or livestock produced or raised on the premises, provided that the area of any such sign shall not exceed twelve (12) square feet and not more than one (1) such sign shall be erected on any one street frontage. There shall be a ten (10') foot set back.
- F. A sign denoting membership in agricultural associations, cooperatives, or indicating specialization in a particular breed of cattle, hogs, etc., or in a particular hybrid or strain of plant, provided that such sign is limited to six (6) square feet and not more than one (1) sign on any one street frontage. There shall be a ten (10') foot set back.
- G. The height of any sign may not exceed ten (10) feet, as measured from the ground level to the top of the sign.

SECTION 703 SIGN PROVISIONS FOR "C" COMMERCIAL DISTRICT

In a Commercial District, the following signs shall be permitted and the following regulations shall apply:

- A. Signs permitted within the Front Yard Setback Area.
(Between the building setback line and the property line.)
1. All signs erected in the front yard must be set back a minimum distance of five (5) feet from all property lines.
 2. Any sign within the setback area must be erected in a manner to permit the free and unobstructed vision of persons entering or leaving the property and adjacent property via motor vehicle.
 3. One (1) sign within the setback line may be permitted for each twenty-five (25) feet of frontage of the lot used for business advertised on the sign, and the maximum number of such signs shall not exceed four (4) for any one business or commercial lot. Double faced signs shall be considered two (2) signs under this provision.
 4. For a commercial lot with a frontage of less than sixty (60) lineal feet, the maximum area of any single-faced sign shall not exceed thirty (30) square feet, for a double-faced sign the combined area shall not exceed sixty (60) square feet.
 5. In no case may the combined area of all signs within the setback area exceed 360 square feet.
 6. Temporary promotional signs or displays may be erected within the setback line subject to the following regulations:
 - a. A special permit must be obtained for all signs to be erected or displayed during the temporary promotion, such a permit shall be valid for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days.
 - b. The applicant for such a permit shall submit drawings and/or narrative description of the size and location of all signs and/or display material to be utilized in the temporary promotion.
 - c. The maximum number of six (6) signs or displays may be used in a temporary promotion and the combined area of all such signs or displays shall not exceed thirty (30) square feet.
 - d. Temporary/portable signs which shall not exceed twelve (12) square feet, and not more than two (2)

such signs shall be placed on any one hundred (100) feet of street frontage and no temporary/portable sign shall be on display for a period of more than thirty (30) days in any one calendar year. Temporary/portable signs shall be defined as a sign which is not permanent, is capable of being carried and/or easily moved.

- e. Any sign or display erected under a special temporary promotion permit shall be removed by the applicant on the expiration date of such a permit.

B. Signs Permitted Behind the Setback lines of a Commercial Zone

In addition to the above-regulated signs permitted within the setback area, signs behind the setback line and those attached to a building shall be permitted and regulated as follows:

1. All signs erected shall conform to the height and setback regulations of the Commercial Zone.
2. One (1) sign may be permitted for each twenty-five (25) feet of lineal frontage of the lot used for commercial purposes.
3. The combined area of all signs behind the setback may not exceed one (1) square foot in area for each one (1) foot of lineal frontage of the lot used for commercial purposes. In no case may the combined area of all signs exceed 360 square feet.
4. Billboards may be permitted in the C zone provided that:
 - a. The area of the billboard does not exceed three hundred (300) square feet.
 - b. The billboard is set back a minimum distance of fifty (50) feet from the nearest public right-of-way.
 - c. The billboard does not exceed forty (40) feet in height.
 - d. The billboard is a minimum distance of three hundred (300) feet from the nearest residential district, church, park, school, or other public building.
 - e. The billboard is a minimum distance of four hundred (400) feet from the center line of any expressway or limited access highway if the face of the sign is visible therefrom.

- C. Off premise signs may be permitted in a commercial zone, provided that such signs comply with the area regulations of the District and that the land on which such sign is erected is owned or leased by the individual or business erecting the sign.

SECTION 704 SIGN PROVISIONS FOR "I" INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS

In "I" districts, the following signs shall be permitted and the following regulations shall apply:

- A. Any sign permitted in R and C districts.
- B. Business or identification sign, not to exceed one (1) square foot for every one (1) lineal foot of frontage per street occupied, but not to exceed one hundred twenty (120) feet for any one (1) sign.
- C. One (1) business or identification sign per street for a group of three or more businesses on one parcel or tract not to exceed two hundred forty (240) square feet per sign.
- D. Signs attached to a building shall be set back at least five (5) feet from a lot or street line, or any required buffer area. Any sign mounted on a building may not project above the ridge line of a sloping roof or above the eave line of a flat roof.

ARTICLE VIII

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS

SECTION 801 PARKING AND LOADING FACILITIES

All off-street parking and loading facilities shall be indicated on the site plan as required under Article IV, Section 405 of this ordinance. Off-street parking and/or loading facilities shall be in compliance with provisions of this Ordinance as follows:

A. Extent of Control

All buildings and structures erected or altered and all land uses initiated after the effective date of this ordinance shall provide off-street parking and/or loading facilities as required herein. When a building or structure undergoes any increase in the number of dwelling units, gross floor area, seating capacity, or other unit of measurement specified for off-street parking or loading facilities, off-street parking and loading requirements shall be determined by the entire building or structure as modified.

B. Schedule of Off-Street Parking Requirement

One and two-family dwellings	2 spaces for each unit
Three or more family units	1-1/2 spaces for each unit
Bowling alleys, recreation centers, public swimming pools, skating rinks and outdoor recreation facilities	1 space for every four (4) customers at maximum capacity and one (1) space for every two (2) persons regularly employed during peak periods
Club houses and meeting places of veterans, business, civic, fraternal, labor and similar organizations	One (1) parking space for every fifty (50) square feet of gross floor area in the auditorium, assembly hall and dining hall of such buildings plus one (1) additional space for every two (2) persons regularly employed during peak shift on the premises.

Drive-In Restaurant
Facilities

Five (5) per one hundred
(100) square feet floor
space

Funeral Homes and
Undertaking
Establishments

Parking or storage space
for all vehicles directly
in the conduct of the
business plus (1) parking
space for every two (2)
persons regularly
employed on the premises
during peak shift and
one (1) space for every
six (6) permanent seats
in the establishment.
One (1) parking space
will be provided for
every three (3) non-
permanent seating
arrangements (i.e.
folding
chairs)

Hospital and
Nursing Homes

One (1) parking space for
each four (4) beds
intended for patients,
excluding bassinets, plus
one (1) per two employees
on peak shift plus one (1)
per hospital vehicle, and
one (1) per doctor

Indoor retail
businesses

Parking or storage space
for all vehicles used
directly in the conduct
of such business plus one
(1)
parking space for each
two hundred fifty (250)
square
feet of building area
used for retail or
business purposes

Elementary, Junior and Senior High Schools (includes Private and Parochial Schools)	One (1) parking space for every six (6) seats available at maximum capacity in the assembly hall, auditorium, stadium, or gymnasium of greatest capacity. Plus one (1) space shall be provided for each person regularly employed at such school plus two (2) additional spaces for each classroom
Libraries, museum, post office and similar establishments	Parking or storage space for all vehicles used directly in the operation of such establishment plus one (1) parking space for each two hundred fifty (250) square feet of total floor area
Medical and dental clinics	Three (3) parking spaces for each doctor plus one (1) additional space for every two (2) regular employees
Manufacturing/Industrial	One (1) parking space for every three (3) employees during peak period, and adequate parking/storage space for all vehicles used directly in the conduct of such industrial use
Motels and hotels	One (1) parking space for each sleeping room offer for tourist accommodation plus one (1) space for each dwelling unit on the premises plus one (1) additional space for every two (2) persons employed by the establishment

Offices

Three (3) parking spaces for every one thousand (1,000) square feet of office space, plus one (1) parking space for each employee

Outdoor and retail business

Parking or storage space for all vehicles used directly in the conduct of such business plus two (2) parking spaces for each person employed plus one (1) parking space for every five hundred (500) feet of lot area used for business purposes

Public garages

Indoor or outdoor parking or storage space for all vehicles used directly in the conduct of such business plus one (1) parking space for each person regularly employed on the premises

Restaurants, indoor, and other eating and drinking establishments

One (1) parking space for each table or booth, plus one (1) parking space for every two (2) stools at bar or counter, plus one (1) parking space for every two (2) employs on peak shift

Service stations

Parking or storage space for all vehicles used directly in the conduct of the business plus one (1) parking space for each gas pump, three (3) spaces for each grease rack or similar facility, and one space for every two persons employed on the premises at maximum employment on a single shift

Theaters,
auditoriums,
stadiums, and
places of public
assembly

One (1) parking space for
every four (4) seats
available at maximum
capacity

Places of Worship

One (1) parking space for
every four permanent
seats

Transportation
terminals

One (1) parking space for
every one hundred (100)
square feet of waiting
room space plus one (1)
additional pace for every
two (2) persons regularly
employed on the premises
during peak shift

C. Schedule of Loading Requirements

Every building or structure used for business, trade,
or industry shall provide space as herein indicated
for the loading and unloading of vehicles off the
street or public alley.

Such space shall have direct access to a public alley
or, if there is no alley, to a street. Off-street
loading and unloading space shall be in addition to
and not considered as meeting a part of the
requirements of off-street parking space. Off-street
loading and unloading space shall not be used or
designed, intended, or constructed to be used in any
manner to obstruct or interfere with the free use of
any street, alley or adjoining property. Off-street
loading and unloading spaces shall have a minimum
width of twelve (12) feet and minimum length of one
hundred (100) feet. The following off-street loading
and unloading space requirements of specific uses
shall be provided.

1. Multi-story
multiple-family

In excess of ten (10)
units shall have one
(1) off-street loading
and unloading space for
providing service to
structure

- | | |
|---|---|
| 2. Commercial, retail and/or manufacturing building | Shall have one (1) off-street loading and unloading space plus one (1) additional space for every ten thousand (10,000) square feet of floor area devoted to commercial, retail, and/or manufacturing use |
| 3. Warehouse and wholesale storage facilities | Shall have one (1) off-street loading and unloading space for every seventy-five hundred (7,500) square feet of floor area of the building or structure |

D. Design and Development Standards

1. Design

The following minimum design standards for parking areas and aisles shall apply.

- a. Parking lot dimensions shall be no less than those listed in the following table:

Angle Parking/90 degrees
Parking Width - 10'
Stall Depth - 20'
Aisle Width/One Way - 20'
Aisle Width/Two Way - 24'

Angle Parking/60 degrees
Parking Width - 10'
Stall Depth - 21'
Aisle Width/One Way - 18'
Aisle Width/Two Way - 21'

Angle Parking/45 degrees
Parking Width - 10'
Stall Depth - 20'
Aisle Width/One Way - 15'
Aisle Width/Two Way - 18'

Angle Parking/30 degrees
Parking Width - 10'
Stall Depth - 18'
Aisle Width/One Way - 12'
Aisle Width/Two Way - 15'

Parallel Parking
Parking Width - 8'
Stall Depth - 22'
Aisle Width/One Way - 12'
Aisle Width/Two Way - 18'

- b. Entrance and exit ways shall have a minimum width of 12 feet for each lane of traffic entering or leaving the side but shall at no time exceed 30 feet in width at the street line.
- c. All dead-end parking lots shall be designed to provide sufficient back-up area for the end stalls of the parking area.
- d. Evergreen plantings shall be provided of sufficient height and density to screen off-street parking from public street view and from adjoining residential districts. A planting plan specifying type, size, and location of existing and proposed planting material shall be submitted with the application for the permit.
- e. Entrance and exit ways and interior access ways shall be designed so as to prevent the blocking of vehicles entering or leaving the site.

2. Location

Required parking spaces shall be provided on the same lot as the building served. Parking areas shall not be designed or located so as to require or encourage cars to back into a public street in order to leave the lot.

3. Access to Adjacent Street

Access lane to a parking lot shall be minimum width of twenty (20) feet and maximum width of forty (40) feet. The minimum center line distance between any two curb cut or access points to a parking lot shall be one hundred fifty (150) feet. Signs designating entrances, exits, and conditions of use shall not exceed twenty (20) square feet and shall be erected in a manner which will not restrict the sight distance of persons entering or leaving the lot.

4. Screening and Buffer Requirements

Whenever a parking lot abuts a public street, a structurally sound wall or planting strip shall be installed. Whenever a parking lot abuts a residential district or residential property a landscaped buffer strip a minimum width of ten (10) feet and a minimum height of six (6) feet shall be developed in a manner which will screen the parking lot from residential property or district.

5. Surfacing

All off-street parking spaces, except those accessory to a single family residential dwelling, shall be improved with a compacted base and surfaced with all-weather dustless material of adequate thickness to support the weight of fully loaded vehicles which customarily park or travel on it.

6. Lighting

Any lighting used to illuminate an off-street parking area shall be so arranged as to reflect the light away from adjoining properties.

7. Storm Drainage

Adequate storm drainage facilities shall be designated and installed in accordance with any applicable Stormwater Management Plan and/or accepted engineering practices. All surface water shall be collected and/or diverted in a manner which does not flow onto the surface of adjacent streets, sidewalks, or properties.

SECTION 802 SWIMMING POOLS

A. Private Swimming Pools

A private swimming pool in the ground or prefabricated installation above the ground shall be any pool, lake, or open tank not located within a completely enclosed building and containing or normally capable of containing water to a depth at any point greater than one and one-half (1-1/2) feet.

No such swimming pool shall be allowed in an R-1, R-2, R-3, S, A, or C District except as an accessory use and unless it complies with the following conditions and requirements.

1. The pool is intended and is to be used solely for the enjoyment of the occupants of the principal use

of the property on which it is located, and their guests, and no fee shall be charged.

2. It may not be located, including any walks or paved areas or accessory structures adjacent thereto, closer than fifteen (15) feet to any property line of the property on which it is located.
3. The swimming pool or the entire property on which it is located, shall be in accordance with the current adopted edition of the International Residential Code.

B. Community or Club Swimming Pools

A community or club swimming pool shall be any pool constructed by an association of property owners, or by a private club solely for use and enjoyment by members of the association or club and their families and guests of members. Community and club swimming pools shall comply with the following conditions and requirements:

1. The pool and accessory structures thereto, including the areas used by the bathers, shall not be closer than one hundred (100) feet to any property line of the property on which it is located.
2. The swimming pool and all of the area used by the bathers shall be so walled or fenced as to prevent uncontrolled access by children from the street or adjacent properties. The said fence or wall shall not be less than six (6) feet in height and maintained in good condition. The area surrounding the enclosure, except for the parking spaces, shall be suitably landscaped with grass, hardy shrubs and trees, and maintained in good condition.

Pools shall conform to the standards and regulations of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection.

SECTION 803 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Any landowner and any person engaged in the alteration or development of land which may affect storm water runoff characteristics shall implement such measures consistent with the provisions of the applicable watershed storm water management plan as are reasonably necessary to prevent personal injury to health and safety, or damage to adjacent property. Such measures shall include such actions as are required:

1. to assure that the maximum rate of storm water runoff is no greater after development than prior to development activities; or
2. to manage the quantity, velocity and direction of resulting storm water runoff in a manner which otherwise adequately protects health and property from possible injury.

A. General Criteria

1. The storm water management plan must consider all the storm water runoff flowing over the project site.
2. All storm water runoff easements and detention controls shall be located and designed by a person qualified and/or experienced in the location and design of such structures.
3. The method used in calculating storm water runoff shall be the method designated in the applicable storm water management plan, or an equal method (approved by DEP) if said plan has not been completed or adopted.
4. Storm water roof drains and pipes shall discharge water into cisterns, french drains (where soils are suitable), sheet drains or other storm water runoff dispersion and absorption control device and not into storm sewers unless recommended in the watershed storm water plan.
5. No discharge of toxic materials into any storm water management system is permitted.
6. Flow velocities from any storm drain may not result in a deflection of the receiving channel.
7. Developers are encouraged to consult the following storm water management and erosion sedimentation control publications in preparing their plans.
 - (a) Chapter 102. Erosion Control, Title 25, Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection.
 - (b) Chapter 105. Water Obstructions and Encroachments, Title 25, Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection.
 - (c) Engineering Field Manual for Conservation Practices, 1975, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service.
 - (d) Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook, Cambria County Conservation District.

- (e) Guidelines for Storm Water Management, Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Dams and Waterway Management.
- (f) Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Manual, Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Soil and Water Conservation and Bureau of Water Quality Management.
- (g) Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Soil Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, January, 1975.
- (h) Little Conemaugh River Stormwater Management Plan, Cambria County Planning Commission, Ebensburg, Pennsylvania.

B. Specific Criteria

- 1. Storm water rate and quality for the specific watershed to be developed in the Municipality must be prepared as indicated in the applicable Storm Water Management Plan when completed, or its equal (approved by Department of Environmental Protection).
- 2. Erosion and Sedimentation - All activities shall be conducted in such a way as to minimize accelerated erosion and resulting sedimentation. Measures to control erosion and sedimentation shall at a minimum meet the standards of the Cambria County Conservation District and Chapter 102 (Erosion Control) of Title 25, Rules and Regulations of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection.

SECTION 804 AIRPORT ZONING PROVISIONS

Reserved - Only if applicable

SECTION 805 SATELLITE DISH ANTENNAS

A. Satellite Dish Antennas:

- 1. A satellite dish antenna is a permissible accessory structure in any zoning district subject to the requirements of this section, and shall require a Building Permit.
- 2. Such antennas may be installed in rear areas at least fifteen (15) feet from any property line.
- 3. Installation of such antennas mounted on the ground shall have a maximum height of fifteen (15) feet and shall have a maximum diameter of ten (10) feet.

4. Ground mounted dishes shall be screened from adjacent properties by evergreen trees or other type of suitable screening, as identified in the Building Permit.

B. Exceptions to regulations: Any applicant may apply to the Zoning Hearing Board for a special exception regarding the height, size, or placement of a satellite dish when it is demonstrated that the present requirements are detrimental to reception.

SECTION 806 TELECOMMUNICATIONS ANTENNAS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT BUILDINGS

Telecommunications antennas mounted on an existing Public Utility transmission tower, building, or other structure or existing communications equipment buildings shall be in compliance with provisions of the Ordinance as follows:

- A. Building mounted telecommunications antennas shall not be located on any single-family dwelling or two-family dwelling.
- B. Building mounted telecommunications antennas shall be permitted to exceed the height limitations of the applicable Zoning District by no more than twenty (20) feet.
- C. Omnidirectional or whip telecommunications antennas shall not exceed twenty (20) feet in height and seven (7) inches in diameter.
- D. Directional or panel telecommunications antennas shall not exceed five (5) feet in height and three (3) feet in width.
- E. Any applicant proposing telecommunications antennas to be mounted on a building or other structure shall submit evidence from a Pennsylvania-registered professional engineer certifying that the proposed installation will not exceed the structural capacity of the building or other structure, considering wind and other loads associated with the antenna location.
- F. Any applicant proposing telecommunications antennas to be mounted on a building or other structure shall submit detailed construction and elevation drawings indicating how the antennas will be mounted on the structure for review by the municipality's applicable ordinance and other applicable laws.
- G. Any applicant proposing telecommunications antennas to be mounted on a building or other structure shall submit evidence of agreements and/or easements

necessary to provide access to the building or structure on which the antennas are to be mounted so that installation and maintenance of the antennas and telecommunications equipment building can be accomplished.

- H. Telecommunications antennas shall comply with all applicable standards established by the Federal Communications Commission governing human exposure to electromagnetic radiation.
- I. Telecommunications antennas shall not cause radio frequency interference with other communications facilities located in the municipality.
- J. A telecommunications equipment building shall be subject to the height and setback requirements of the applicable Zoning District for an accessory structure.
- K. The owner or operator of telecommunications antennas shall be licensed by the Federal Communications Commission to operate such antennas.
- L. Exceptions to regulations: Any applicant may apply to the Zoning Hearing Board for a special exception (Article IX Section 908) regarding the height, size, or placement of a telecommunications antenna when it is demonstrated that the present requirements are detrimental to receiving service.

ARTICLE IX

SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS

The special exceptions listed in this Ordinance and their accessory buildings and uses may be permitted by the Zoning Hearing Board in the districts indicated therein, in accordance with the procedures, standards, and criteria set forth in this Article and Article XII (Zoning Hearing Board).

SECTION 901 GENERAL PROCEDURES

An application for special exception filed with the Zoning Officer shall be referred to the Municipality or Planning Agency for investigation as to the manner in which the proposed location and character of the special exception will affect the community and how the required standards are to be achieved. The Municipality or Planning Agency shall report the results of its study to the Zoning Hearing Board within thirty days following receipt of the application. If no such report has been filed with the Zoning Hearing Board within this time period, the Zoning Hearing Board may assume the Municipality or Planning Agency has acted favorably but in any event the recommendation of the Municipality or Planning Agency shall be advisory, and not binding upon the Zoning Hearing Board.

The Zoning Hearing Board shall conduct a public hearing on the appeal under Section 1204 (Hearings) of Article XII, and in accordance with Public Notice requirements defined in Article II, Section 202.

If the proposed Special Exception is located in the district wherein such use may be permitted and meets the specified standards and criteria, the Zoning Hearing Board may approve the Special Exception if it is deemed that no harm shall befall the neighboring property. The Board may also levy reasonable conditions or safeguards as deemed appropriate.

The applicant may then apply to the Zoning Officer for building and occupancy permits in accordance with the procedures specified in this ordinance.

Any expansion of such Special Exception involving the enlargement of the buildings, structures, or land area shall be subject to the procedure described in this section.

SECTION 902 FUNERAL STANDARDS AND CRITERIA

A. Special Exception:

A Funeral Home may be permitted as a special exception in R-1, R-2, and R-3 Residential Districts with the minimum requirements as hereinafter set forth.

B. Height:

As permitted in each District.

C. Lot Area:

The minimum lot area shall be one (1) acre.

D. Percentage of Lot Coverage:

As permitted in each District.

E. Off-Street Parking Facilities:

As required under Article .

F. Site Plan:

As required under Article IV, Section 405.

G. Yard Areas:

As required in each District.

SECTION 903 ROOMING HOUSE STANDARDS AND CRITERIA

A Rooming House may be permitted as a Special Exception in R-2 and R-3 Residential Districts provided it does not accommodate more than 4 boarders and meets the requirements of a single dwelling in the district.

SECTION 904 MOBILE HOME PARK STANDARDS AND CRITERIA

A. Special Exception;

A Mobile Home Park may be permitted as a special exception in the R-2 Residential District with the minimum requirements as hereinafter set forth. No Mobile Home Park shall be located or constructed in a manner or at a location inconsistent with the Municipal Flood Plain Ordinance or the Flood Plain provisions of this Ordinance.

B. Setbacks:

All mobile homes shall be located at least fifty (50) feet from any Mobile Home Park boundary line abutting upon a public street or highway and at least twenty-five (25) feet from other park property boundary lines. There shall be a minimum distance of twenty (20) feet between the mobile home foundation and the abutting street.

C. Lot Area:

The minimum area for every Mobile Home Park hereafter developed shall be five (5) acres.

D. Plot Plan:

Each application shall be accompanied by three copies of a plot plan drawn at a scale of one inch equals twenty feet, prepared by a Pennsylvania licensed surveyor, engineer, architect, or landscape architect showing limits and square footage of the proposed Mobile Home Park and location and size of driveways, parking areas, playgrounds, service buildings, other buildings, mobile home lots, together with required setbacks from right-of-ways and property lines. All mobile home lots shall be numbered in sequence on the plot plan.

E. Density:

Density in any Mobile Home Park shall not exceed seven (7) units per gross acre.

F. Minimum Width of Mobile Home Lots:

The minimum width of each mobile home lot shall be thirty-five (35) feet.

G. Minimum Distance Between Mobile Homes:

No mobile home shall be placed within twenty (20) feet of another; provided that with respect to mobile homes parked end-to-end, the distance between mobile homes so parked shall not be less than fifteen (15) feet.

H. Mobile Home Stands:

The area of mobile home stand shall be improved to provide adequate support for the placement and tie-down of the mobile home, thereby securing the superstructure against uplift, sliding, rotation, and overturning.

I. Markers:

Every mobile home lot shall be clearly defined on the ground by permanent markers. There shall be posted and maintained in a conspicuous place on each lot a number corresponding to the number of each lot as shown on the plot plan.

J. Streets and Driveway:

The street or driveway on which an individual mobile home lot fronts shall be not less than twenty-eight (28) feet in width. In cases where driveways dead-end, there shall be constructed at each dead-end a cul-de-sac with a minimum turning radius of forty (40) feet. All streets and driveways shall be paved in accordance with standards and specifications required for Local Streets in the Municipal Subdivision Regulations or other Municipal requirements. All construction material for such roads shall meet established Municipal requirements. Where any Mobile Home Park has an entrance from a state highway, approval of said entrance from the State Department of Transportation must be secured before said development is approved.

K. Water and Sewer Facilities

An adequate supply of water approved by the PA Department of Environmental Protection shall be furnished from a public water supply system or from a private water system conforming to all applicable laws, regulations, resolutions, and ordinances, with supply faucets located on each mobile home lot. In each Mobile Home Park, all waste water from a faucet, toilet, tub, shower, sink, drain, washing machine, garbage disposal unit, or laundry shall empty into an approved sewer system installed in accordance with State and Municipal regulations.

L. Service Buildings

1. All service buildings shall be adequately lighted at all times of day and night, shall be well ventilated, shall be constructed of such moisture-proof material, including painted woodwork, as shall permit repeated cleaning and washing and shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than sixty-eight (68) degrees Fahrenheit during the period from October first to May first.
2. All service buildings and grounds of the park shall be maintained in a clean, sightly condition and kept free of any condition that will menace the health of any occupant or the public or constitute a nuisance or fire hazard.

M. Storage Tanks

Gasoline, liquified petroleum, gas, or oil storage tanks shall be so installed as to comply with all County, State, and National Fire Prevention Code Regulations.

N. Recreation Area

Mobile home developments that accommodate 25 or more mobile homes should be provided with at least one accessible recreation area not less than five percent (5%) of the site's useable area.

O. Additions to Mobile Homes

No permanent or semi-permanent structures shall be attached to any mobile home as an addition to such mobile home. No accessory structure shall be permitted on any mobile home lot or in any Mobile Home Park. The prohibition herein against any addition or accessory to a mobile home shall not apply to a canopy or awning designed for use with a mobile home. The mobile home or lot coverage of a mobile home shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the total mobile home lot area.

P. Landscaping

The Developer of a Mobile Home Park area shall provide a minimum of two (2) deciduous trees per mobile home. Tree caliber shall not be less than 2-1/2"-3".

SECTION 905 JUNK YARD STANDARDS AND CRITERIA

Junk yards shall be permitted as a Special Exception only in the Industrial (I) District subject to the following regulations:

- A. All junk yards shall be enclosed with a fence a minimum of six (6) feet in height with gates. Gates shall be securely locked except during business hours when an adult attendant is on the premises.
- B. All materials stored within junk yards shall be stored and set back at least twenty-five (25) feet from any adjoining premises and at least fifty (50) feet from the right-of-way of any public road or highway.
- C. Burning or melting of any junk, rubbish, or refuse is prohibited.
- D. All material shall be stored and arranged so as to permit access by fire fighting equipment and to prevent accumulation of stagnant water. Materials or scrapped automobiles shall not be piled to a height of more than eight (8) feet from the ground.
- E. All gasolines shall be drained from any junk or scrapped automobiles into containers and removed from the premises within twelve (12) hours from arrival on the premises.
- F. All fluid wastes must comply with State and Federal regulations for disposal. (Transmissions fluid, etc.)
- G. No garbage or organic waste shall be permitted to be stored in any junk yard.

SECTION 906 SURFACE MINING AND MINERAL EXCAVATING STANDARDS AND CRITERIA

Mining and mineral excavating activities are permitted only in the Industrial (I) District and subject to the following criteria:

- A. Time of operation - Mining and mineral excavating operations may be permitted to operate 24 hr./day providing said operations do not interfere with closely adjacent residential areas. If mining operations and mineral excavating are to be in close proximity (three hundred (300) feet) to residential areas, mining operations shall be limited to daylight hours.

- B. Use of local roads and streets - Mining and excavating vehicles are prohibited from using local streets in residential areas at night.
- C. Weight limits for hauling vehicles - The use of locally maintained municipal roadways by mining vehicles that exceed the weight limits of said municipal roads is strictly prohibited. Any utilization of municipal roadways by mining and mineral excavating vehicles shall be accompanied by a bond, issued by the operator(s), covering all costs involved in repairing and/or replacing damaged roadways caused by said mining vehicles.
- D. Proximity to residential areas - All mining and mineral excavating operations shall maintain, at a minimum, a 300 foot distance from all residential structures and/or areas.
- E. Proximity to municipal watershed - All mining and excavating operations shall maintain a minimum distance of 300 feet from all municipal watershed areas, and a minimum distance of 100 feet from any watercourse (stream or river).
- F. Diminution and/or pollution of ground water - Any decrease and/or pollution of ground water used by local residents shall be remedied by the mining or mineral excavating operator (at his expense) thereby insuring a drinkable and dependable water supply to the residents whose water supply was affected by said mining operations
- G. Backfilling of strip cuts - All strip mining and mineral excavating operations shall be properly backfilled according to Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection regulations.
- H. The Zoning Hearing Board may impose such other reasonable conditions and safeguards as may be necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare in accordance with the spirit and purpose of the Zoning Ordinance.

SECTION 907 DAY CARE STANDARDS AND CRITERIA

- A. Day care facilities may be permitted as a Special Exception in any Residential District with the minimum requirements as hereinafter set forth.
- B. The day care facilities defined in this Ordinance must hold an approved Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare registration certificate or license, as appropriate, and meet all current DPW regulations including those standards governing adequate indoor space, accessible outdoor play space, and any applicable state or local building and fire safety codes.
- C. All day care homes and facilities shall be fully protected by smoke detectors and fire extinguishers.
- D. Family Day Care Homes and Group Day Care Homes shall conform to the following criteria:
 - 1. The general provisions of Section 801 Parking and Loading Facilities shall apply to all Family Day Care Homes and Group Day Care Homes.
 - 2. In all Residential districts in addition to any other parking spaces required in relation to other uses of a building, there shall be one off-street parking space for each non-resident employee or non-resident/full time volunteer and one safe passenger unloading space measuring at least nine (9) feet by twenty (20) feet.
 - 3. The required outdoor play area shall be surrounded by a safety fence or natural barrier, provided that any fence shall conform to the height limitations relating to fences in the Zoning District in which it is located.
 - 4. Outside play shall be limited to the hours between 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.
 - 5. Any sign shall comply with the standards governing signs as provided in this Ordinance.
 - 6. When day care is provided in a home, the amount of floor area devoted to such purposes shall not exceed thirty (30) percent of the total floor area of the dwelling and there shall be no change to the exterior of the building for the purpose of accommodating the day care use.
 - 7. The lot size of any Family Day Care Home shall not be less than 7,500 square feet and the lot size of

any Group Day Care Home shall not be less than 15,000 square feet. Any such home shall conform to the setback, height, and building area requirements of the Zoning District in which it is located.

E. Day Care Centers may locate in any Residential District by Special Exception and in any Commercial District by right, and subject to the regulations of the Zoning District in which it is located and the following additional standards, whichever is more restrictive.

1. Parking - There shall be one off-street parking space provided for each employee or full-time volunteer and one safe passenger unloading space measuring nine (9) feet by twenty (20) feet for each ten children that the facility is licensed to accommodate.
2. Fence - The outdoor play area required by state licensing shall be surrounded by a safety fence or natural barrier, provided that any fence shall conform to the height limitations for fences in the Zoning District in which it is located.
3. Play Area Setback - No portion of the outside play area shall be closer than thirty (30) feet to an existing occupied dwelling.
4. Hours - Outside play shall be limited to hours between 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.
5. Signs - Any sign shall comply with the standards governing signs as provided in this Ordinance.
6. Concentration - No day care center shall be established within five hundred (500) feet from another day care center in any residential district.
7. Lot Size - The minimum site or lot area shall be determined by the following table when centralized water and sewage service is provided.

License Capacity

Minimum Lot Size

7-11 children
12 and above

20,000 sq. ft.
20,000 plus 500 sq.
ft. for additional
child (e.g., 50
children equals
45,000 sq. ft.)

SECTION 908 TELECOMMUNICATIONS TOWERS AND ANTENNAS

Telecommunications towers shall be permitted as a Special Exception in R-1, R-2, and R-3 Residential Districts, C-Commercial District, I-Industrial Districts, A-Agricultural Districts, FP - Floodplain District, and S-Conservancy Districts subject to the following regulations:

- A. The applicant shall demonstrate that it is licensed by the Federal Communications Commission to operate a telecommunications tower, if applicable, and telecommunications antennas.
- B. The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed telecommunications tower and telecommunications antennas proposed to be mounted thereon comply with all applicable standards established by the Federal Communications Commission governing human exposure to electromagnetic radiation.
- C. Telecommunications towers shall comply with all applicable Federal Aviation Administration, Commonwealth Bureau of Aviation, and applicable Airport Zoning Regulations.
- D. Any applicant proposing construction of a new telecommunications tower shall demonstrate that a good faith effort has been made to obtain permission to mount the telecommunications antennas on an existing building, structure or telecommunications tower. A good faith effort shall require that all owners of potentially suitable structures within a one-quarter (1/4) mile radius of the proposed telecommunications tower site be contacted and that one (1) or more of the following reasons for not selecting such structure apply.
 1. The proposed antennas and related equipment would exceed the structural capacity of the existing structure and its reinforcement cannot be accomplished at a reasonable cost.
 2. The proposed antennas and related equipment would cause radio frequency interference with other existing equipment for that existing structure and the interference cannot be prevented at a reasonable cost.
 3. Such existing structures do not have adequate location, space, access or height to accommodate the proposed equipment or to allow it to perform its intended function.

4. Addition of the proposed antennas and related equipment would result in electromagnetic radiation from such structure exceeding applicable standards established by the Federal Communications Commission governing human exposure to electromagnetic radiation.
 5. A commercially reasonable agreement could not be reached with the owners of such structures.
- E. Access shall be provided to the telecommunications tower and telecommunications equipment building by means of a public street or easement to a public street. The easement shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet in width and shall be improved to a width of at least 10 feet with a dust-free, all weather surface for its entire length.
 - F. A telecommunications tower may be located on a lot occupied by another principal structure(s) and may occupy a leased parcel within a lot meeting the minimum lot size requirements for the Zoning District.
 - G. The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed height of the telecommunications tower is the minimum height necessary to perform its function.
 - H. In all Zoning District except I-Industrial, the maximum height of any telecommunications tower shall be one hundred fifty (150) feet; provided, however, that such height may be increased to no more than two hundred (200) feet, provided the required setbacks from adjoining property lines (not lease lines) are increased by one (1) foot for each one (1) foot of height in excess of one hundred fifty (150) feet. In the Industrial District, the maximum height of any telecommunications tower shall be one hundred eighty (180) feet.
 - I. Any height exceptions set forth in this Ordinance, including Section 806 of Article VIII, shall not apply to any telecommunications towers. Further, to the extent that any height restrictions are in conflict with the restrictions and provisions herein, the more stringent shall apply.
 - J. The foundation and base of any telecommunications tower shall be set back from a property line (not lease line) located in any Residential District at least one hundred (100) feet and shall be set back from any other property line (not lease line) at least fifty (50) feet.

- K. The base of a telecommunications tower shall be landscaped so as to screen the foundation and base and communications equipment building from abutting properties.
- L. The telecommunications equipment building shall comply with the required yards and height requirements of the applicable Zoning District for an accessory structure.
- M. The applicant shall submit certification from a Pennsylvania-registered professional engineer that a proposed telecommunications tower will be designed and constructed in accordance with the current Structural Standards for Steel Antenna Towers and Antenna Supporting Structures, published by the Electrical Industrial Association/Telecommunications Industry Association and applicable requirements of the applicable Ordinances of the municipality, and requirements/certification from the applicable agencies of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
- N. The applicant shall submit a copy of its current Federal Communications Commission license; the name, address, and emergency telephone number for the operator of the telecommunications tower; and a Certificate of Insurance evidencing general liability coverage in the minimum amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and property damage coverage in the minimum amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence covering the telecommunications tower and communications antennas.
- O. All guy wires associated with guyed communications towers shall be clearly marked so as to be visible at all times and shall be located within a fenced enclosure.

The site of a telecommunications tower shall be secured by a fence with a maximum height of eight feet to limit accessibility by the general public. One (1) off-street parking space shall be provided within the fenced area.

- P. No signs or lights shall be mounted on a telecommunications tower, except as may be required by the Federal Communications Commission, Federal Aviation Administration or other governmental agency which has jurisdiction.
- Q. Telecommunications towers shall be protected and maintained in accordance with the requirements of the municipality and regulations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

- R. If a telecommunications tower remains unused for a period of twelve (12) consecutive months, the owner or operation shall dismantle and remove the telecommunications tower within six (6) months of the expiration of such twelve (12) month period.

ARTICLE X

NON-CONFORMING USES AND BUILDINGS

SECTION 1001 CONTINUANCE

The lawful use of a building existing at the time of the effective date of this Ordinance may be continued, although such use does not conform to the provisions hereof. If no structural alterations are made, a non-conforming use of a building may be changed to another non-conforming use of the same or more restricted classification. Whenever a non-conforming use has been changed to a more restricted use or to a conforming use, such use shall not thereafter be changed to a less restricted one. Whenever the use of a building becomes non-conforming through a change in the Zoning Ordinance or district boundaries, such use may be continued and if no structural alterations are made, it may be changed to another non-conforming use of the same or of a more restricted classification.

SECTION 1002 DISCONTINUANCE OF USE

Whenever a non-conforming use of a property, building, sign or part thereof has been discontinued for a period of twelve (12) consecutive months, said non-conformance use shall be presumed to be abandoned and the use of the premises thereafter shall be in conformance with the regulations of the district. A property may be continued as a non-conforming use beyond the 12-month period if it is properly registered with the Zoning Officer. This extension of time shall not exceed an additional 12 months.

SECTION 1003 ALTERATIONS

On any non-conforming structure or portion of a structure containing a non-conforming use, work may be done in any period of 12 consecutive months on ordinary repairs, or on repair or replacement of non-bearing walls, fixtures, wiring, or plumbing, to an extent not exceeding ten (10) percent of the current replacement cost of the non-conforming structure or non-conforming portion of the structure as the case may be, provided that the cubic content existing when it became non-conforming shall not be increased.

If a non-conforming structure or portion of a structure containing a non-conforming use becomes physically unsafe or unlawful due to lack of repairs and maintenance, and is declared by any duly authorized official to be unsafe or unlawful by reason of physical condition, it shall not thereafter be restored, repaired, or rebuilt except in conformity with the regulations of the district in which it is located.

Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition of any building or part thereof declared to be unsafe by an official charged with protecting the public safety, upon order of such official.

SECTION 1004 PROVISIONS FOR RECONSTRUCTION

Any building or structure containing a non-conforming use which is damaged by fire, flood, wind, or other act of God or man to the extent of seventy-five (75) percent or more of its fair market value immediately prior to damage shall not be repaired or reconstructed except in conformity with the regulations of the district in which it is located. In the event that the Zoning Officer's estimate of the extent of damage is not acceptable to the applicant for the building permit to repair or reconstruct such building or structure, the applicant may appeal to the Zoning Hearing Board.

ARTICLE XI

ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

SECTION 1101 ZONING OFFICER

A. Zoning Enforcement

A Zoning Officer shall be appointed by the Municipality to administer and enforce this Zoning Ordinance. The Zoning Officer shall not hold any elective office in the Municipality.

B. Duties and Powers of Zoning Officer

It shall be the duty of the Zoning Officer to enforce literally the provisions of this Ordinance, as amended, and he or she shall have such duties and powers as are conferred on him or her by this Ordinance and as are reasonably implied for that purpose. The Zoning Officer's duties shall include but are not limited to the following:

1. Receive application for and issue zoning permits and sign permits.
2. Keep an official record of all business and activities, including complaints of a violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance and of the action taken consequent on each such complaint. All such records shall be open to public inspection. File copies of all applications received, permits issued, reports and inspections made in connection with any structure, building, sign and/or land, shall be retained as long as they remain in existence.
3. Make inspections as required to fulfill his/her duties. He/She shall have the right to enter any building or structure (with permission of property owner), or enter upon any land at any reasonable hour in the course of his/her duties.
4. Issue permits for special exception uses and for variances only after such uses and/or buildings have been approved by the Zoning Hearing Board in accordance with the regulations of this Ordinance.
5. Keep a record of all non-conforming uses, buildings, and lots.
6. Be responsible for keeping this Ordinance and the Zoning Map up to date so as to include all amendments thereto.

7. Institute civil enforcement proceedings as a means of enforcement.

C. Notice of Violations

The Zoning Officer shall serve a notice of violation on any person, firm, corporation, or partnership responsible for violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance, or a plan approved thereunder. Notice of violation shall be in writing, indicating the nature of the violation and action necessary to correct same. If the notice of violation is not complied with, the Zoning Officer shall order the discontinuance of such unlawful use of structure, building, sign and/or land.

The violation notice shall be sent to the owner of record of the parcel on which the violation has occurred, to any person who has filed a written request to receive violation notices regarding that parcel, and to any other person requested in writing by the owner of record. The violation notice shall include at least the following information:

1. Name of the owner of record and any other person against whom the Municipality intends to take action;
2. Location of the property in violation;
3. Specific violation(s) with a description of the requirements which have not been met, referring to applicable provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.
4. Date before which the steps for compliance must be commenced and the date before which the steps must be completed;
5. Rights of appeal to the Zoning Hearing Board and prescribed appeal time period of the recipient according to the Zoning Ordinance; and
6. Notice that failure to comply within the time period, unless extended by the Zoning Hearing Board, constitutes a violation, and possible sanctions clearly described.

SECTION 1102 BUILDING PERMIT

No building, structure, or sign shall be erected, constructed, moved, added to, or structurally altered, nor shall land be put to any use without a permit issued by the Zoning Officer. No such permit shall be issued except in

conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance, or upon written order from the Zoning Hearing Board in the form of an administrative review, special exception, or variance as provided by this Ordinance or by the Court.

A. Form of Application

All applications shall be made in writing and shall be accompanied by two sets of plans showing at least the following information:

1. Actual dimensions and shape of the lot to be built upon.
2. The exact size and location on the lot of buildings, structures, or signs existing and/or proposed extensions thereto.
3. The number of dwelling units, if any, to be provided.
4. The provision of a potable water supply.
5. Methods of sewage and solid waste disposal, plus information on quantity and quality of sewage involved and proposed method of treatment if required.
6. Parking spaces provided and/or loading facilities.
7. Statement indicating the existing or proposed use.
8. Height of structure, building, or sign.
9. All other information necessary for such Zoning Officer to determine conformance with and provide for enforcement of this Ordinance.

One (1) copy of the plans shall be returned to the applicant by the Zoning Officer after he/she shall have marked such copies either as approved or disapproved and attested to same by his/her signature on such copy.

One (1) copy of all such plans shall be retained by the Zoning Officer for his/her permanent records.

Such approval shall be issued or refused within thirty (30) days from date of application. In case of refusal, the applicant shall be informed, in writing, to the reasons for the refusal and of his rights of appeal. The application for a permit shall be submitted in such form as the Zoning Officer may prescribe.

B. Expiration of Building Permit

Building permit shall expire within ninety (90) days from date of issuance, if work described in any permit has not begun. If work described in any building permit has begun, said permit shall expire after two (2) years from date of issuance thereof.

SECTION 1103 CERTIFICATE OF USE AND OCCUPANCY

A Certificate of Use and Occupancy shall be required upon the completion of the work contemplated. It shall be unlawful to use and/or occupy any structure, building, and/or land portions thereof in any manner until a Certificate of Use and Occupancy has been issued.

A. Form of Application

The application for Certificate of Use and Occupancy shall be submitted in such form as the Zoning Officer may prescribe.

B. Issuance of Certificate of Use and Occupancy

1. The Zoning Officer shall inspect any structure, building, sign, and/or land or portions thereof and shall determine the conformity therewith. If he/she is satisfied that the completed work is in conformity with this Ordinance and with the work listed in the Building Permit, he/she shall issue a Certificate of Use and Occupancy.
2. Certificate of Use and Occupancy shall be granted or refused in writing, within ten (10) days from the date of application.

SECTION 1104 SCHEDULE OF FEES

Each application for a building permit shall be accompanied by cash, certified check, or money order payable to the Municipality in accordance with the schedule of fees as follows:

A. Single and Two-Family Residential and Accessory Uses

<u>Construction Value</u>	<u>Fee</u>
\$1,000 or less	\$10.00
\$1,000 or more	\$10.00 plus an additional fee of

\$1.00 per each
\$1,000 or fraction
thereof additional
construction value
in excess of
\$1,000.00

B. Multi-Family, Commercial, Industrial and Accessory
Uses

A minimum fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) plus one dollar (\$1.00) additional fee per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) construction value to a maximum fee of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250).

Payment of permit fees does not obligate the Zoning Officer or the Municipality to grant a permit to the applicant. All permits issued must be in conformance with the provisions of this Ordinance; and in the event a permit is not issued, the application fees will not be returned.

SECTION 1105 REMEDIES

In case any buildings or structures are erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted, or maintained or any building, structure or land is used, in violation of this Ordinance, the Municipality, or with their approval the Zoning Officer, in addition to other remedies, may institute any appropriate action or proceedings to prevent such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, conversion, maintenance, or use to restrain, correct, or abate such violation, to prevent the occupancy of said building, structure or land, or to prevent any illegal act, conduct, business or use in or about such premises.

SECTION 1106 VIOLATIONS/JUDGEMENT

- A. Any person, partnership or corporation who or which has violated or permitted the violation of the provisions of this Zoning Ordinance shall upon being found liable therefore in a civil enforcement proceeding commenced by the Municipality pay a judgment not more than \$500 plus all court costs, including reasonable attorney fees incurred by the Municipality as a result thereof. No judgment shall commence or be imposed, levied, or payable until the date of the determination of a violation by the district justice. If the defendant neither pays or timely appeals the judgment, the Municipality may enforce the judgment pursuant to applicable rules of civil procedure. Each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate violation, unless the district justice determining that there was a good

faith basis for the defendant to have believed there was no violation, in which event there shall be deemed to have been only one such violation until the fifth day following the date of the determination of a violation by the district justice and thereafter each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate violation. All judgments, costs, and reasonable attorney fees collected for the violation of the Zoning Ordinance shall be paid over to the Municipality. The Court of Common Pleas, upon petition, may grant an order of stay, upon cause shown, tolling the per diem fine pending a final adjudication of the violation and judgment.

B. District Justices shall have initial jurisdiction over proceedings brought under this Section.

C. Nothing contained in this Section shall be construed or interpreted to grant to any persons or entity other than the Municipality the right to commence any action for enforcement pursuant to this Section.

SECTION 1107 MEDIATION OPTION

- A. Parties to proceedings authorized in this Article and Article XII may utilize mediation as an aid in completing such proceedings. In proceedings before the Zoning Hearing Board, in no case shall the Zoning Hearing Board initiate mediation or participate as a mediating party. Mediation shall supplement, not replace, those procedures in this Article once they have been formally initiated. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as expanding or limiting municipal police powers or as modifying any principles or substantive law.
- B. Participation in mediation shall be wholly voluntary. The appropriateness of mediation shall be determined by the particulars of each case and the willingness of the parties to negotiate. Any Municipality offering the mediation option shall assure that, in each case, the mediating parties, assisted by the mediator as appropriate, develop terms and conditions for:
 - 1. Funding mediation.
 - 2. Selecting a mediator who, at a minimum, shall have a working knowledge of municipal zoning and subdivision procedures and demonstrated skills in mediation.
 - 3. Completing mediation, including time limits for such completion.
 - 4. Suspending time limits otherwise authorized in this act, provided there is written consent by the mediating parties, and by an applicant or municipal decision-making body if either is not a party to the mediation.
 - 5. Identifying all parties and affording them the opportunity to participate.
 - 6. Subject to legal restraints, determining whether some or all of the mediation sessions shall be open or closed to the public.
 - 7. Assuring that mediated solutions are in writing and signed by the parties, and become subject to review and approval by the appropriate decision-making body pursuant to the authorized procedures set forth in the other sections of this Ordinance.
- C. No offers or statement made in the mediation session, excluding the final written mediated agreement, shall

be admissible as evidence in any subsequent judicial or administrative proceedings.

- D. The County Planning Commission may offer a mediation option to agreeable contiguous municipalities with regard to disputes over the effect of one municipality's zoning on citizens in an adjoining municipality, however, all municipalities must agree to the mediation.

ARTICLE XII

ZONING HEARING BOARD

SECTION 1201 CREATION, ORGANIZATION, AND EXPENDITURES

A. Creation and Membership

There is hereby established a Zoning Hearing Board. The membership of the Board shall consist of three (or five) residents of the Municipality appointed by the governing body of the Municipality. Their terms of office shall be three years (or 5 years) and shall be so fixed that the term of office of one member shall expire each year. The Board shall promptly notify the Municipality of any vacancies which occur. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be only for the unexpired portion of the term. Members of the Board shall hold no other office in the Municipality. The governing body of the Municipality may appoint at least one but not more than three alternate members of the Board for a three year term of office.

B. Removal of Members

Any Board member may be removed for malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance in office or for other just cause by a majority vote of the Municipality taken after the member has received fifteen days' advance notice of the intent to take such a vote. A hearing shall be held in connection with the vote if the member shall request it in writing.

C. Organization

The Board shall elect from its own membership its officers, who shall serve annual terms as such and may succeed themselves. For the conduct of any hearing and the taking of any action, a quorum shall be not less than a majority of all the members of the Board but the Board may appoint a hearing officer from its own membership to conduct any hearing on its behalf and the parties may waive further action by the Board. The Board may make, alter, and rescind rules and forms for its procedure, consistent with Ordinances of the Municipality and laws of the Commonwealth. The Board shall keep full public records of its business and shall submit a report of its activities to the Municipality as requested by the Municipality.

If, by reason of absence or disqualification of a member, a quorum is not reached, the chairman of the Board shall designate the alternate member to sit on the Board to provide a quorum. The alternate member

shall continue to serve on the Board in all proceedings involving the case of which the alternate was initially appointed until the Board has made a final determination of the matter or case.

D. Expenditures

Within the limits of funds appropriated by the Municipality, the Board may employ or contract for secretaries, clerks, legal counsel, consultants, and other technical and clerical services. Members of the Board may receive compensation for the performance of their duties. Alternate members of the Board may receive compensation for the performance of their duties. In no case shall the compensation paid to Board members and alternates exceed the rate of compensation paid to the governing body of the Municipality.

SECTION 1202 FUNCTIONS

The Zoning Hearing Board shall function in strict accordance with and pursuant to the Municipalities Planning Code and shall have all powers set forth therein, including but not limited to the following:

A. Variances

The Board shall hear requests for variances where it is alleged that the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance inflict unnecessary hardship upon the applicant. The Board may by rule prescribe the form of application and may require preliminary application to the Zoning Officer. The Board may grant a variance, provided that all of the following findings are made where relevant in a given case:

1. That there are unique physical circumstances or conditions, including irregularity, narrowness, or shallowness of lot size or shape, or exceptional topographical or other physical conditions peculiar to the particular property and that the unnecessary hardship is due to such conditions and not the circumstances or conditions generally created by the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance in the neighborhood or district in which the property is located.
2. That because of such physical circumstances or conditions, there is no possibility that the property can be developed in strict conformity with the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance and that the authorization of a variance is therefore necessary to enable the reasonable use of the property.

3. That such unnecessary hardship has not been created by the appellant.
4. That the variance, if authorized, will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood or district in which the property is located, not substantially or permanently impair the appropriate use or development of adjacent property, nor be detrimental to the public welfare.
5. That the variance, if authorized, will represent the minimum variance that will afford relief and will represent the least modification possible of the regulation in issue.

In granting any variance, the Board may attach such reasonable conditions and safeguards as it may deem necessary to implement the purposes the Zoning Ordinance.

B. Special Exceptions

Where the governing body, in the Zoning Ordinance, has stated special exceptions to be granted or denied by the Board pursuant to express standards and criteria, the Board shall hear and decide requests for such special exceptions in accordance with such standards and criteria. In granting a special exception, the Board may attach such reasonable conditions and safeguards, in addition to those expressed in the Ordinance, as it may deem necessary to implement the purposes of this Zoning Ordinance.

SECTION 1203 MEDIATION OPTION

The Municipality may offer a mediation option as an aid in completing proceedings authorized in this Article. In exercising such an option, the Municipality and mediating parties shall meet the stipulations and follow the procedures set forth in Article IX of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

SECTION 1204 HEARINGS

The Zoning Hearing Board shall conduct hearings and make decisions in accordance with the following requirements:

- A. Public notice shall be given and written notice shall be given to the applicant, the Zoning Officer, such other persons as the governing body shall designate by Ordinance, and to any person who has made timely request for the same. Written notices shall be given at such time and in such manner as shall be prescribed

by Ordinance or, in the absence of Ordinance provision, by rules of the Board. In addition to the written notice provided herein, written notice of said hearing shall be conspicuously posted on the affected tract of land at least one week prior to the hearing.

B. The governing body may prescribe reasonable fees with respect to hearings before the Zoning Hearing Board. Fees for said hearings may include compensation for the secretary and members of the Zoning Hearing Board, notice and advertising costs, and necessary administrative overhead connected with the hearing. The costs, however, shall not include legal expenses of the Zoning Hearing Board, expenses for engineering, architectural or other consultants, or expert witness costs.

C. The **first** hearing shall be **commenced** within 60 days from the date of the applicant's request, unless the applicant has agreed in writing to an extension of time. **Each subsequent hearing shall be held within 45 days of the prior hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by the applicant. Any party aggrieved by the schedule or progress of the hearings may apply to the Court of Common Pleas for judicial relief. The hearing shall be completed no later than 100 days after the completion of the applicant's case in chief, unless extended for good cause upon application to the Court of Common Pleas.**

1. An applicant:

a. Shall complete the presentation of his case-in-chief, i.e., the part of a hearing in which the applicant presents evidence to support his claim or defense, within 100 days of the first hearing, and upon his request, shall be entitled to at least seven hours of hearings within the 100 days.

b. May, upon request, be granted additional hearings to complete his case-in-chief provided the persons opposed to the application are granted an equal number of additional hearings.

2. Persons opposed to the application:

a. Shall complete the presentation of their opposition to the application within 100 days of their first hearing after the completion of the applicant's case-in-chief.

- b. May, upon the written consent or consent on the record by the applicant and municipality, be granted additional hearings to complete their opposition to the application provided the applicant is granted an equal number of additional hearings for rebuttal.
- D. The hearings shall be conducted by the Board or the Board may appoint any member or an independent attorney as a Hearing Officer. The decision, or, where no decision is called for, the findings shall be made by the Board; however, the appellant or the applicant, as the case may be, in addition to the Municipality, may, prior to the decision of the hearing, waive decision or findings by the Board and accept the decision or findings of the hearing officer as final.
- E. The parties to the hearing shall be the Municipality, any person affected by the application who has made timely appearance of record before the Board, and any other person including civic or community organizations permitted to appear by the Board. The Board shall have power to require that all persons who wish to be considered parties enter appearances in writing on forms provided by the Board for that purpose.
- F. The chairman or acting chairman of the Board or the hearing officer presiding shall have power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant documents and papers, including witnesses and documents requested by the parties.
- G. The parties shall have the right to be represented by counsel and shall be afforded the opportunity to respond and present evidence and argument and cross-examine adverse witnesses on all relevant issues.
- H. Formal rules of evidence shall not apply, but irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence may be excluded.
- I. The Board or the hearing officer, as the case may be, shall keep a stenographic record of the proceedings. The appearance fee for a stenographer shall be shared equally by the applicant and the Board. The cost of the original transcript shall be paid by the Board if the transcript is ordered by the Board or hearing officer or shall be paid by the person appealing from the decision of the Board if such appeal is made, and in either event the cost of additional copies shall be paid by the person requesting such copy or copies. In

other cases the party requesting the original transcript shall bear the cost thereof.

- J. The Board or the hearing officer shall not communicate, directly or indirectly, with any party or his representatives in connection with any issue involved except upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate, shall not take notice of any communication, reports, staff memoranda, or other materials, except advice from their solicitor, unless the parties are afforded an opportunity to contest the material so noticed and shall not inspect the site or its surroundings after the commencement of hearings with any party or his representative unless all parties are given an opportunity to be present.
- K. The Board or the hearing officer, as the case may be, shall render a written decision or, when no decision is called for, make written findings on the application within 45 days after the last hearing before the Board or hearing officer. Where the application is contested or denied, each decision shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions based thereon together with the reasons therefor. Conclusions based on any provisions of this Ordinance, rule or regulation shall contain a reference to the provision relied on and the reasons why the conclusion is deemed appropriate in the light of the facts found. If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer, and there has been no stipulation that his decision or findings are final, the Board shall make his report and recommendations available to the parties within 45 days and the parties shall be entitled to make written representations thereon to the Board prior to final decision or entry of findings, and the Board's decision shall be entered no later than 30 days after the report of the hearing officer. Where the Board fails to render the decision within the period required by this subsection, or fails to commence or complete the required hearing as provided in Subsection C, the decision shall be deemed to have been rendered in favor of the applicant unless the applicant has agreed in writing or on the record to an extension of time. When a decision has been rendered in favor of the applicant because of failure of the Board to meet or render a decision as hereinabove provided, the Board shall give public notice of said decision within ten days from the last day it could have met to render a decision in the same manner as provided in subsection A of this section. If the Board shall fail to provide such notice, the applicant may do so. Nothing in this subsection shall prejudice the right of any party opposing the

application to appeal the decision to a court of competent jurisdiction.

- L. A copy of the final decision or, where no decision is called for, of the findings shall be delivered to the applicant personally or mailed to him not later than the day following its date. To all other persons who have filed their name and address with the Board not later than the last day of the hearing, the Board shall provide by mail or otherwise, brief notice of the decision or findings and a statement of the place at which the full decision or findings may be examined.

SECTION 1205 JURISDICTION

- A. The Zoning Hearing Board shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and render final adjudications in the following matters:

1. Substantive challenges to the validity of this Zoning Ordinance, except those brought before the governing body of the Municipality.
2. Challenges to the validity of this Zoning Ordinance raising procedural questions or alleged defects in the process of enactment or adoption which challenges shall be raised by an appeal taken within 30 days after the effective date of said Ordinance. Where the Ordinance appealed from is the initial Zoning Ordinance of the Municipality and a Zoning Hearing Board has not been previously established, the appeal raising procedural questions shall be taken directly to court.
3. Appeals from the determination of the Zoning Officer, including, but not limited to, the granting or denial of any permit, or failure to act on the application therefor, the issuance of any cease and desist order or the registration or refusal to register any non-conforming use, structure, or lot.
4. Appeals from a determination by a Municipal engineer or the Zoning Officer with reference to the administration of any Flood Plain Ordinance.
5. Applications for variances from the terms of the Zoning Ordinance.
6. Applications for special exceptions under the Zoning Ordinance or flood plain provisions of this Ordinance.

7. Appeals from the determination of any officer or agency charged with the administration of any transfers of development rights or performance density provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.
 8. Appeals from the Zoning Officer's determination under section 916.2 of the PA Municipalities Planning Code (Procedure to Obtain Preliminary Opinion).
 9. Appeals from the determination of the Zoning Officer or Municipal engineer in the administration of the Zoning Ordinance with reference to sedimentation and erosion control and storm water management insofar as the same relate to development not involving Subdivision or Planned Residential Development applications.
- B. The governing body of the Municipality or, except as to clauses 2, 3, and 4, the planning agency, if designated, shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and render final adjudications in the following matters:
1. All applications for approvals of Planned Residential Developments.
 2. Applications for conditional use under the express provisions of the Zoning Ordinance pursuant to section 603(c)(2) of the PA Municipalities Planning Code.
 3. Applications for curative amendments to a Zoning Ordinance pursuant to sections 609.1 and 916.1(a)(2) of the PA Municipalities Planning Code.
 4. All petitions for amendments to the Zoning Ordinance, pursuant to the procedures set forth in section 609 of the PA Municipalities Planning Code. Any action on such petitions shall be deemed legislative acts, provided that nothing contained in this clause shall be deemed to enlarge or diminish existing law with reference to appeals to court.
 5. Appeals from the determination of the Zoning Officer or the Municipal engineer in the administration of the Zoning Ordinance with reference to sedimentation and erosion control and storm water management insofar as the same relate to application for subdivision or land development under Planned Residential Development.

SECTION 1206 APPLICABILITY OF ORDINANCE AMENDMENTS

- A. When an application for either a special exception or a conditional use has been filed with either the Zoning Hearing Board or governing body, as relevant, and the subject matter of such application would ultimately constitute either a land development as defined in Section 107 or a subdivision as defined in Section 107 of Article I of the PA Municipalities Planning Code (Act 247) no change or amendment of the zoning, subdivision, or other governing ordinance or plans shall affect the decision on such application adversely to the applicant and the applicant shall be entitled to a decision in accordance with the provisions of the governing ordinances or plans as they stood at the time the application was duly filed. Provided, further, should such an application be approved by either the Zoning Hearing Board or governing body, as relevant, application shall be entitled to proceed with the submission of either land development or subdivision plans within a period of six months or longer or as may be approved by either the Zoning Hearing Board or the governing body following the date of such approval in accordance with the provisions of the governing ordinance or plans as they stood at the time the application was duly filed before either the Zoning Hearing Board or governing body, as relevant. If either a land development or subdivision plan is so filed within said period, such plan shall be subject to the provisions of Section 508(1) through (4), and specifically to the time limitations of Section 508(4) of Act 247 as amended which shall commence as of the date of filing such land development or subdivision plan.

SECTION 1207 SPECIAL APPLICABILITY PROVISIONS

- A. A municipal Zoning Ordinance enacted on or before August 21, 2000 shall not be invalidated, superseded, or affected by any amendatory provisions of the Acts of June 22, 2000 (P.L. 483, No. 67) and (P.L. 495, No. 68), and such ordinance provisions shall continue in full force and effect until February 21, 2001; provided, however, any such ordinances shall be subject to such amendatory provisions on and after February 22, 2001 as defined by Section 918 of the PA Municipalities Planning Code (Act 247) as amended.

ARTICLE XIII

AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1301 AMENDMENTS AND CHANGES

A. Amendments and Changes

Whenever it is deemed desirable in order to meet the public needs; promote the convenience and welfare of the public; conform with good zoning practice and the intent and purpose of this Ordinance; and adhere to the guiding principles of the Comprehensive Plan or community development objectives, the Municipality may amend, supplement, or change the regulations, district boundaries, or classification of property, now or hereafter established by this Ordinance, subject to the procedure provided in this section. If such amendments are not generally consistent with its comprehensive plan, the municipality shall concurrently amend its comprehensive plan in accordance with Article III of the PA Municipalities Planning Code (Act 247 as amended).

Any amendment, supplement, reclassification, modification or change may be initiated by any of the following:

1. The Planning Agency may initiate action by filing a written report to the Governing Body of the Municipality;
2. The governing body may initiate action on their own; or
3. Any landowner may submit a request for an amendment.

B. Petition for Map Change or Amendment

1. Form and Content

Petitions for change of district boundaries or reclassification of districts as shown on the Official Zoning Map shall be on forms supplied by the Municipality. A narrative description which: (1) defines the limits of the requested change by street name or recognizable physical feature; (2) states the specific reason for the requested change and (3) states the specific use, type of development, and type of structure to be erected under the proposed change. A map and/or preliminary site plans of the area to be rezoned shall also be submitted to the Municipality for

reference and review. All information shall then be submitted to the Municipal Planning Agency for their review and recommendations.

2. Preliminary Review by Planning Agency

After the facts are presented and the data and information from the petition are reviewed and studied by the Planning Agency, the Agency shall, within fifteen (15) days after regularly scheduled meeting, submit the petition with its preliminary recommendations to the Municipality. The preliminary report by the Planning Agency is not intended to establish final approval by the Agency but rather to serve as a means of providing a format for action and review by the Municipality.

C. Action by Municipality

1. Subsequent to the introduction of the Petition for Zoning Change and Preliminary Report by the Planning Commission to the Municipality, the Municipality shall fix a time for a public hearing, pursuant to Public Notice requirements.
2. Public Notice shall include the time and place of the public hearing for consideration of the proposed amendment, supplement, or change, stating when and where a copy of the proposal will be available for public inspection, and briefly describe the change proposed.
3. In addition, if the proposed amendment involves a zoning map change, notice of said public hearing shall be conspicuously posted by the Municipality at points deemed sufficient by the Municipality along the tract to notify potentially interested citizens. The affected tract or area shall be posted at least one week prior to the date of the hearing.
4. In the event that the proposed zoning ordinance amendment involves a zoning map change, the municipality shall send notice of the public hearing to affected property owners by first class mail at least 30 days prior to the date of the hearing, in addition to existing posting requirements.

D. Municipal Planning Agency Review

In the case of amendments not initiated by the Municipal Planning Agency, the Planning Agency shall

have been informed of the amendment at least 30 days prior to the hearing.

E. Cambria County Planning Commission Review

The Municipality shall submit the proposed amendment to the Cambria County Planning Commission for recommendation at least 30 days prior to the public hearing.

F. Conduct of Public Hearing

1. A public hearing is held by the governing body pursuant to public notice.
2. If the proposed amendment is altered substantially or is revised to include land not previously affected, another public hearing must be held pursuant to public notice.
3. Notice of the amendment must be published at least 10 days prior to enactment.
4. Following the final public hearing, the governing body may vote to adopt the amendment.
5. To be a legally enacted amendment, notice of the proposed enactment must be published in a newspaper of general circulation as outlined in this Section.

G. Final Report by Municipal Planning Agency

Within thirty (30) days following the public hearing, the Planning Agency shall review all material, data, testimony, and facts submitted for consideration in the petition for change. The Planning Agency shall make a final report on the petition for change setting forth in detail reasons wherein public necessity, convenience, and general welfare do or do not justify the proposed change and determining that the change is or is not in accord with the general objectives of the Comprehensive Plan and/or good zoning practices and shall forward its findings and recommendations to the Municipality.

H. Publication

Notice of the proposed enactment shall include the time and place of the meeting where passage will be considered, and a reference to the place where copies of the amendment may be examined without charge or obtained at cost. The Municipality shall publish the proposed amendment once in a newspaper of general circulation in the Municipality. Such notice shall

state the time, place of the meeting, and the particular nature of the matter to be considered at the meeting. The municipality shall publish the proposed Ordinance Amendment not more than 60 days nor less than 7 days prior to passage. Publication of the proposed amendment shall include either the full text or the title and brief summary, prepared by the Municipal Solicitor. If the full text is not included, a copy will be supplied to the newspaper at the time public notice is published, and an attested copy of the proposed Ordinance will be filed at the Cambria County Law Library. If substantial changes are made to the amendment after this publication, the Municipality, at least 10 days prior to enactment, shall re-advertise a brief summary setting forth all provisions and changes, according to the aforementioned notice requirements in a newspaper of general circulation in the Municipality.

I. Final Action by the Municipality

1. The passage of an Ordinance amending, supplementing, or changing the regulations, district boundaries, or classification of property, now or hereafter established by this Ordinance, shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Municipality's governing body.
2. Any Ordinance amending, supplementing or changing the regulations, district boundaries or classification of property hereinafter established by this Ordinance, if not acted upon by the Municipality within ninety (90) days after the required public hearing, shall require a new public hearing as prescribed in this Section.
3. Within 30 days after the enactment, the Municipality shall forward a copy of the amendment to the Cambria County Planning Commission.

SECTION 1302 LANDOWNER CURATIVE AMENDMENT

A landowner who desires to challenge the validity of the Zoning Ordinance, map, or any provision thereof, on substantial grounds, which prohibits or restricts the use or development of land in which he has an interest, may submit a curative amendment to the Municipality with a written request that his challenge and proposed amendment be heard and decided. The Municipality shall commence a public hearing within 60 days of the written request.

A. Notification

The Municipal Planning Agency and the Cambria County Planning Commission shall be notified of the proposed amendment at least 30 days prior to the public hearing.

B. Publication

Publication requirements of Section 1301 of this Ordinance shall apply.

C. Public Hearings

The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with Section 1204 of this Ordinance, and all references therein to the Zoning Hearing Board shall, for the purposes of this Section, refer to the governing body of the Municipality provided, however, that the deemed approval provisions of Section 1204 shall not apply and the provisions of Article IX, Section 916.1 of the PA Municipalities Planning Code (Act 247) shall control.

D. Invalidation Limitation

If the Municipality does not accept the landowners curative amendment and a court subsequently rules that the challenge has merit, the court's decision shall not result in a declaration of invalidity for the entire Zoning Ordinance or map, but only for those provisions which specifically relate to the landowners curative amendment and challenge.

E. Enactment Considerations

If it is determined that the challenge has merit, the governing body may accept the landowner's curative amendment, with or without revision, or may adopt an alternative amendment which cures the challenged defects. In addition to the curative amendments, plans, and information submitted by the landowner, the governing body shall also consider the following:

1. The impact of the proposal on roads, sewer facilities, water supplies, and other public facilities;
2. The impact of residential proposals on regional housing needs and their effectiveness in providing housing units of the type available to and affordable by classes of persons otherwise excluded by the challenged provisions of the Ordinance or map;

3. Site suitability in relation to physiographic features;
4. The impact of the proposed use on physiographic and environmental considerations; and
5. The impact of the proposed use on agricultural preservation, public health, and public welfare considerations.

SECTION 1303 MUNICIPAL CURATIVE AMENDMENTS

The Municipality may determine that this Zoning Ordinance or sections thereof are substantially invalid. This determination shall declare by formal action the sections substantially invalid and propose a curative amendment to overcome this invalidity.

- A. Within 30 days of this declaration and proposal the Municipality shall:
 1. By resolution make specific findings setting forth the declared invalidity which may include specific uses, class of uses, or references to the entire Ordinance; and
 2. Begin to prepare and consider a curative amendment to correct the declared invalidity.
- B. Within 180 days of the declaration and proposal, the Municipality shall enact a curative amendment or validate, or reaffirm the validity of, its Zoning Ordinance pursuant to the procedures outlined in Section 1301 of this Ordinance.
- C. After using this procedure, the Municipality may not again utilize this method for a 36-month period following the date of a curative amendment, or reaffirmation of its Zoning Ordinance, unless a new duty or obligation is imposed on the Municipality by a change in statute or Pennsylvania Appellate Court decision after the date of declaration and proposal. In this case, the Municipality may use the provision of this Section to fulfill said duty or obligation.
- D. Any other procedures or provisions as required by the PA Municipalities Planning Code.

SECTION 1304 FEES

Any person other than the governing body or Municipal Planning Agency requesting an amendment of the Zoning Ordinance (including a curative amendment) shall pay a fee of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) at the time the request

is filed with the Municipality. This fee shall cover the cost of advertising of the aforesaid notice, the cost of stenographic service, necessary administrative overhead, and any other expenses incurred in connection with such application, provided, however, that if the total of the aforesaid costs and expenses does not exceed the amount provided, any difference shall be refunded to the applicant. In the event the aforesaid costs and expenses exceed the \$500.00 fee, the applicant shall reimburse the Municipality for such excess.

ARTICLE XIV

REPEALING CLAUSE

SECTION 1401 REPEALING CLAUSE

If any sentence, clause, or section of this Ordinance is for any reason found to be unconstitutional, illegal or invalid, such unconstitutionality, illegality or invalidity shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions, sentences, clauses or sections of this Ordinance. It is hereby declared as the intent of the governing body of this Municipality that this Ordinance would have been adopted had such unconstitutional, illegal or invalid sentences, clauses, or sections thereof not have been included herein.

All other Ordinances or part of Ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

It is the intention of this Ordinance, or any amendments or supplements hereto, to furnish a compete and exclusive system of zoning and regulations for zoning in the Borough of Northern Cambria, Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

Ordained and enacted this 14th day of May, 2018.

Borough of Northern Cambria

By Donald L. Ferguson
President of Borough Council

Attest:

Claudine M. Nappi
Borough Manager/Secretary

NOW, this 14th day of May, 2018, I herewith approve the above Ordinance

[Signature]
Mayor, Borough of Northern Cambria